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CC:	Julisis R. Nucum JRN Air Conditioning & Refrigeration, Inc. Phone: 649-8120 Fax: 649-5737	Date:	May 29, 2014
		Phone: Fax:	475-0390 x. 203 472-7951
Re:	OPA-PA-14-001 Decision and Order [Re: J&B Modern Tech's Motion to Declare Stay in Effect]		
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OFFICE OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY

Doris Flores Brooks, CPA, CGFM Public Auditor

PROCUREMENT APPEALS TERRITORY OF GUAM

5 | 6 | IN THE APPEAL OF

J&B MODERN TECH,

Docket OPA PA-14-001

Appellant.

DECISION AND ORDER [RE: J&B MODERN TECH'S MOTION TO DECLARE STAY IN EFFECT]

INTRODUCTION

On April 11, 2014, Appellant, J&B Modern Tech ("J&B"), filed a Motion to Declare Automatic Stay in Effect. On April 18, 2014, the Guam Department of Education ("GDOE") filed an Opposition to Motion to Declare Automatic Stay in Effect. Also on April 18, 2014, Interested Party, JRN Air Conditioning & Refrigeration, Inc. ("JRN"), filed an Opposition to Appellant's Motion to Declare Automatic Stay in Effect. On May 13, 2014, oral arguments were heard on J&B's Motion before Public Auditor Doris Flores Brooks and Hearing Officer Peter C. Perez, Esq. John C. Terlaje, Esq. appeared on behalf of J&B along with J&B President Generoso M. Bangayan. Andrew T. Perez, Esq. appeared on behalf of GDOE along with GDOE Assistant Supply Management Administrator Carmen Taitano. Julienne Nucum, Esq. appeared telephonically on behalf of JRN along with JRN representative, Julisis R. Nucum.

The Public Auditor issues this Decision and Order based upon the procurement record, the documents and exhibits submitted by the parties, the oral arguments presented by the parties, and the parties' respective briefs.

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DECISION

On November 25, 2013, GDOE issued Invitation for Bid 005-2014 ("IFB") for the Air Conditioning Systems Exterior Duct Restoration Project. [GDOE 0249]. On December 17, 2013, JRN and J&B submitted bids. [GDOE 0014; 0109]. On February 5, 2014, GDOE issued a Bid Status to JRN. It stated, *inter alia*, "Bid is recommended for award to JRN Air Conditioning and Refrigeration, Inc. whose bid price was \$254,501.91." [GDOE 0317]. On that same date, GDOE issued a Bid Status to J&B. It stated, *inter alia*, "Not selected due to Higher Price Bid Offered." [GDOE 0318]. Also on February 5, 2014, GDOE Supervisor II, Albert G. Garcia, sent a Memorandum to Supply Management Administrator Marcus Y. Pido, stating that the recommendation for award is made to JRN Air Conditioning and Refrigeration and that the total amount recommended for award was \$254,501.91. Mr. Pido approved the recommendation. [GDOE 0319]. GDOE simultaneously awarded the bid and issued the purchase order to JRN on the same date, February 5, 2014.

The next day, on February 6, 2014, J&B filed a Protest to the Superintendent of Education and Supply Management Administrator asserting that JRN's bid was non-responsive and that JRN should be disqualified from consideration.

On February 7, 2014, GDOE issued a Notice of Stay. On March 7, 2014, GDOE denied J&B's Protest and issued a Notice to Lift Stay of Procurement. On March 13, 2014, J&B filed a Notice of Appeal, appealing GDOE's March 7, 2014 Decision. In its appeal, J&B concedes that the appeal "is brought in the context of a post award protest."

Relying on the Public Auditor's Decision in *In re Appeal of JMI Edison*, OPA-PA-13-010, Order Granting Motion for Automatic Stay [September 20, 2013], J&B argues that the automatic stay pursuant to 5 G.C.A. § 5425(g) was triggered upon J&B's timely filing of its February 6, 2014 Protest and continues to remain in effect. J&B also argues that it will be irreparably injured if the automatic stay is not enforced.

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GDOE argues that In re Appeal of JMI Edison, OPA-PA-13-010, Order Granting Motion for Automatic Stay [September 20, 2013] is distinguishable from the facts of this case. It further argues that pursuant to the Supreme Court of Guam case Guam Imaging Consultants, Inc. v. Guam Memorial Hospital Authority (GMHA), 2004 Guam 15, the automatic stay is not triggered when a timely protest is filed after an award is made. GDOE asserts that J&B is limited to remedies other than an automatic stay.

JRN argues that no automatic stay was triggered because J&B's Protest was untimely. As such, JRN stated in its April 18, 2014 Opposition to Appellent's Motion to Declare Automatic Stay that it had completed 45% of the contract. It further argues that J&B's Motion fails to satisfy the criteria for granting preliminary injunctive relief.

The Guam Procurement Law is found at Title 5 G.C.A. Chapter 5. Pursuant to 5 G.C.A. § 5425(g), subject to certain exceptions not applicable here, "In the event of a timely protest...the Territory shall not proceed further with the solicitation or with the award of the contract prior to final resolution of such protest, and any further action is void..." The Supreme Court of Guam has ruled that the automatic stay provisions found in the Guam Procurement Law require that a protest be both factually timely and be pursued before the award has been made to trigger the automatic stay. Guam Imaging Consultants, Inc., ¶ 23. Two issues must be considered regarding the timing of the protest, the first being timeliness in relation to the underlying facts, the second being whether it was filed before the award was made. If the protest was both factually timely and filed before the award was made, the automatic stay provision is triggered. Id. at ¶ 24. Thus, in order to determine whether or not the automatic stay has been triggered it must be determined if the protest was filed in a timely manner and before an award was made. Id. at ¶ 32.

J&B's Protest was timely filed. 5 G.C.A. § 5425(a) provides, "Any actual or prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor who may be aggrieved in connection with the method of source selection, solicitation or award of a contract, may protest to the...head of a purchasing agency. The protest shall be submitted in writing within fourteen (14) days after such aggrieved person knows or should know of the facts giving rise thereto."

J&B was a bidder that asserts it was aggrieved when on February 5, 2014 GDOE did not select it for award and instead recommended the award to JRN.

The next day, on February 6, 2014, J&B filed a Protest to the Superintendent of Education and Supply Management Administrator asserting that JRN's bid was non-responsive and that JRN was disqualified from consideration. J&B's February 6, 2014 Protest was filed within fourteen (14) days of GDOE's February 5, 2014 Bid Status issuances to JRN and J&B. Accordingly, J&B's Protest was timely filed.

However, J&B's Protest was filed after GDOE awarded the contract to JRN. Because GDOE simultaneously awarded the bid and issued the purchase order to JRN on the same date, February 5, 2014, J&B's Protest filed on February 6, 2014 was post-award. The Supreme Court of Guam has ruled that the automatic stay provisions found in the Guam Procurement Law require that a protest be both factually timely and be pursued before the award has been made to trigger the automatic stay. *Guam Imaging Consultants, Inc.*, ¶ 23. Consequently, the automatic stay was not triggered in this case. Furthermore, the Public Auditor's Decision in *In re Appeal of JMI Edison*, OPA-PA-13-010, is distinguishable because in that case JMI's timely protest was filed before the award was made.

The manner in which GDOE simultaneously issued the Bid Status recommending the award to JRN and issuing the purchase order was inconsistent with the Guam Procurement Law purposes and policies. Pursuant to these policies, GDOE was required to ensure public confidence in the procedures followed for public procurement; to ensure the fair and equitable treatment of all persons who deal with the procurement system; to foster effective broad-based competition within the free enterprise system; and, to provide safeguards for the maintenance of a procurement system of quality and integrity. 5 G.C.A.§ 5001(b). All parties involved in the negotiation, performance, or administration of territorial contracts are required to act in good faith. 5 G.C.A. § 5003. The Guam Procurement Law provides that contracts shall be awarded with reasonable promptness by written notice. [emphasis added] 5 G.C.A. § 5211(g).

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In the instant case, GDOE acted in violation of the spirit of the Guam Procurement Law.

GDOE's actions deprived J&B of the opportunity to obtain an automatic stay when it filed its

Protest and to maintain the status quo during its timely appeal to the Public Auditor. In its defense

at the May 13 Motions Hearing, DOE Legal Counsel Andrew Perez stated "Nothing in the

procurement law, nothing in the procurement regulations prevent a waiting period to

award...Theres nothing there that prevents an agency from issuing their notices, issuing their

intent to award and then subsequently issuing on the same day, a purchase order. We have not

found anything in the procurement law that prevents us from doing that." J&B Attorney John

Terlaje argued that when the notice to award and purchase order are issued at "... the same time,

when do we protest? When do we appeal? We find it disingenuous for any party, whether it's the

interested third party, whether it's the government, to come and say well it doesn't state it." Mr.

Perez acknowledged that changes to the procurement law and regulations to include more

guidance on the automatic stay process "may be something that the Legislature needs to address."

Since the automatic stay has not been triggered, J&B has been denied a meaningful remedy,

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should J&B's appeal succeed.¹

¹ Pursuant to 5 G.C.A. § 5451, if prior to award it is determined that a proposed award of a contract is in violation of law, the proposed award shall be cancelled or revised to comply with the law. If that determination is made after an award, if the person awarded the contract has not acted fraudulently or in bad faith the contract me be ratified and affirmed; or terminated. If the person awarded the contract has acted fraudulently or in bad faith, the contract may be declared null and void; or may be ratified and affirmed if such action is in the best interests of the Territory. 5 G.C.A. § 5452. In the instant case no evidence has been presented or any arguments advanced that JRN has acted fraudulently or in bad faith.

CONCLUSION J&B's Motion to declare the automatic stay in effect is DENIED. The Guam Legislature is invited to address the issue of concurrently issuing an intent to award and award of a contract thus eliminating the automatic stay. IT IS SO ORDERED this 29th day of May, 2014. DORIS FLORES BROOKS, CPA, CGFM **PUBLIC AUDITOR**

SCHEDULING ORDER

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