(A LINE AGENCY OF THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mr. Jon Fernandez Superintendent Guam Department of Education

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Guam Department of Education (GDOE), a line agency of the Government of Guam (GovGuam), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise GDOE's basic financial statements as set forth in Section III of the forgoing table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Guam Department of Education as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis-of-Matter

Reporting Entity

As discussed in Note 1A to the financial statements, the financial statements of GDOE are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of GovGuam that is attributable to the transactions of GDOE. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of GovGuam as of September 30, 2015 and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

As discussed in Note 1U to the financial statements, GDOE adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, effective October 1, 2014. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 14, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Deficit – Budget and Actual – General Fund and notes thereto, on pages 47 and 48, the Schedule of Funding Progress – Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension, on page 49, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 50, and the Schedule of Pension Contributions on page 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although are not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information, comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries of the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise GDOE's basic financial statements. The Other Supplementary Information, as set forth in Section V of the foregoing table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Other Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management. The 2015 information on pages 53 through 60 as well as the additional information on page 61 was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The 2014 information on pages 53 through 60 as well as the additional information on page 62 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 6, 2016, on our consideration of GDOE's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering GDOE's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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June 6, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

INTRODUCTION

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial activities of the Guam Department of Education (GDOE, Department). GDOE is a semi-autonomous agency within the Government of Guam (GovGuam) and is primarily funded through the GovGuam General Fund. GDOE is governed by policies established by the Guam Education Board (GEB, Board). The GEB is comprised of a combination of elected and appointed board members. The Board appoints the Superintendent of Education who is the Chief Executive Officer of the Department.

GDOE is a single unified school district (Kindergarten thru Grade 12) that serves nearly 31,000 students. There are 26 elementary schools, eight middle schools, six high schools, and an alternative school for a total of 41 schools. Additionally, the Department administers the Head Start and pre-Kindergarten GATE (Gifted and Talented Education) programs and is piloting pre-kindergarten classes at selected elementary schools.

The MD&A is a requirement of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* issued in June 1999. Statement No. 34 contains significant requirements that enhance financial reporting. These requirements are also designed to make annual reports easier for the public to understand and more useful to stakeholders. Specifically, Statement No. 34 establishes reporting requirements that include financial statements, expanded disclosure, and supplemental information, including the MD&A.

This discussion has been prepared by GDOE management to provide an overview of the Department's financial activities for the fiscal year (FY) ending September 30, 2015. It is based on the financial statements provided in the annual audit report. Comparable financial data from the prior year is also provided. GDOE's department-wide financial statements are composed of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, plus certain required supplementary and other supplementary information:

- The Statement of Net Position presents information on GDOE non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the resulting difference being reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories: Net investment in capital assets, Restricted and Unrestricted.
- The Statement of Activities presents information demonstrating the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues.
- The Notes to the Financial Statements provide information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.
- The Other Supplementary Information is provided for additional analysis of the financial statements.

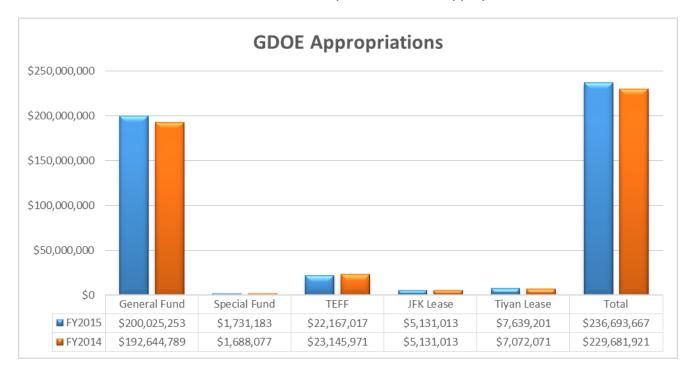
The MD&A should be read in conjunction with GDOE's basic financial statements and related notes to enhance understanding of the Department's financial performance. Additionally, the completion of the 2015 Single Audit represents GDOE's commitment to, and support of, programmatic and financial accountability.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

Effective October 1, 2014, GDOE implemented GASB Statement N. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – and amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The implementation of these statements has no impact of GDOE's governmental fund financial statements, which continue to report expenditures in the amount statutorily required. However, implementation has resulted in the restatement of GDOE's fiscal year 2014 government-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of net pension liability for its qualified pension plan and the recognition of pension expense in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. Refer Note 5 for more information regarding GDOE's pensions.

Local Appropriations

Pursuant to Public Law (PL) 32-181, 32-219, and 33-029, GDOE appropriations in FY15 totaled \$236,693,667, an overall increase of \$7M in comparison to FY14 appropriation levels.



The \$7M increase in authorized spending included the following:

- 1. \$2,436,500 in appropriations for the Guahan Academy (\$467.5K) and *l'Learn* (\$1.969M) charter schools, from \$2,832,500 in FY14 to \$5,269,000 in FY15;
- \$982,592 in new start-up funding for GDOE's Early Childhood Education (ECE) pilot program in four GDOE elementary schools;
- an additional \$43,106 in funding for school libraries under the Public Library System Fund, from \$796,323 in FY14 to \$839,429 in FY15; and
- 4. \$3.5M to cover organic growth in the cost of GDOE personnel and operations expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

The \$1.7M in special fund appropriations in FY15 were designated for interscholastic sports, health and physical education activities, and school libraries; the appropriation included an increase in funding from the Guam Public Library System Fund of \$43K as compared to FY14.

Additionally, and not included in the comparative table above:

- ✓ \$14M in payments (\$11.1M in retiree healthcare benefits and \$2.9M in lease payments for the Okkodo High School Expansion;
- ✓ \$1M in retroactive payments for the remaining 50% in salary adjustments due to GDOE employees under the Competitive Wage Act of 2014; and
- ✓ \$11,164,309 in additional appropriations (\$10.3M in Federal reimbursements and \$875K in cash collections) related to the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs. The reimbursements are provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food and Nutrition Services for meals served to students and children who attend public schools.

PL 32-181 had initially authorized \$2.5 million in tax credits for the FY15 lease to purchase payments for the Tiyan properties on which Tiyan High and GDOE Central Offices are located. However, in November 2014, GovGuam executed an Amended and Restated Lease Purchase Agreement that required monthly cash payments be made for base rent and additional rent (insurance and maintenance costs) due after January 2015.

Federal Grants and Programs

Non-discretionary federal grant funding increased \$5.2M in FY15 as compared to FY14 in the following programs: Consolidated Grant to Insular Areas; Head Start; Special Education – Grants to States SPED Part B and Funding for SPED Part C.

FEDERAL GRANT AWARDS	<u>FY15</u>	<u>FY14</u>	Change	% <u>Change</u>
Consolidated Grant	\$ 24,925,098	\$ 19,917,123	\$ 5,007,975	25.14%
Head Start	2,570,248	2,456,534	113,714	4.63%
SPED Part B	14,096,945	13,962,402	134,543	0.96%
SPED Part C	1,487,272	1,448,962	38,310	2.64%

In FY2015, the following amounts were expended by GDOE through a variety of Federal grants, representing \$65.5M or 20.85% of total expenditures of \$314,317,728:

<u>Grantor</u>	FY15 Amount	FY14 Amount	<u>Change</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture	\$ 12,199,577	\$ 11,104,269	\$ 1,095,308
U.S. Department of Education	40,023,464	39,977,646	45,818
U.S. Department of the Interior	9,951,922	7,706,840	2,245,082
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services	2,726,498	2,720,063	6,435
Federal Grants Assistance Fund Expenditures	64,901,461	61,508,818	3,392,643
U.S. Department of Defense	621,558	1,015,697	<u>(394,139</u>)
Total Federal Expenditures	\$ <u>65,523,019</u>	\$ <u>62,524,515</u>	\$ <u>2,998,504</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

The \$2.9M increase in expenditures in FY15 in comparison to FY14, largely occurred in grants received from the U.S. Departments of Agriculture (USDA), Interior (DOI), and Education (USDOE).

FISCAL YEAR 2015 OVERVIEW

Significant changes in facilities and plant operations as well as the completion of a number of capital projects, impacted GDOE's overall expenditures and finances in FY15. FY15 marked the first full year of occupancy in GDOE's new Tiyan High school, the Okkodo High school expansion facilities, the renovated Untalan Middle school, a warehouse and central offices (four buildings) in Tiyan.

FY15 marked the third year GDOE incurred local expenditures associated with addressing its 'high risk' grantee status by the U.S. Department of Education (USDOE). Special Conditions issued by USDOE require financial management functions of USDOE grants to be supervised by a Third Party Fiduciary Agent (TPFA). USDOE Risk Management's visit, in the summer of 2015, affirmed that continued improvement has been made and encouraged GDOE to consider a request to amend the Special Conditions. During FY15, transition plans were developed between the TPFA and GDOE to determine what resources and activities are necessary should the requirement for the TPFA be reduced in scope or removed.

Shortfalls in unaudited actual collections (\$25.7M) versus projected revenues (\$31.2M) in the Territorial Educational Facilities Fund (TEFF) once again negatively impacted GDOE operations. The Bureau of Budget and Management Research (BBMR) released \$3.2M less than GDOE's \$18.5M appropriation in FY15 and \$5M less than GDOE's \$18.3M appropriation in FY14. This recurrence impacted cash flow throughout FY15 as the combined FY14 carryover and FY15 shortfall of \$3.2M slowed payments of outstanding invoices.

The FY15 cash shortages in its TEFF appropriations also impacted the payment of expenditures and encumbrances for GDOE's Early Childhood Education program. Cash to support this appropriation was not transmitted and the appropriation lapsed. GDOE has requested the Guam Legislature for a reauthorization of the \$982,593 appropriation to pay for these expenditures.

In September 2014, GDOE was awarded a total of \$2M in FY14 Department of the Interior Compact Impact funding, \$1.5M which was primarily used to offset expenditures in school operations. Nearly twenty-five percent or \$500K of the funding will supplement GDOE's technology in the classroom initiatives by increasing bandwidth and wireless access. A portion of the FY14 DOI funding will also be used for training to integrate the use of computer carts, tablets, smartboards, and internet subscriptions/resources in classroom instruction and lesson plans. GDOE had received \$2.8M in FY13 Compact Impact funding to purchase additional mobile laptops and tablets to ensure all GDOE students have access to technology and gain proficiency in technology- use standards.

In April 2015, Governor Eddie Baza Calvo signed a Memorandum of Understanding with the U.S. Department of the Interior Office of Insular Affairs (OIA) for Phase III of the Insular Assessment of Buildings and Classroom (ABC) Initiative. The initiative sets aside \$1M of OIA Capital Improvement Project funds beginning in FY15 through FY18 to address deferred maintenance projects in GDOE schools. Additionally, technical support in the form of project management and oversight, facility planning, preparation of technical project requirements, facility inspections, training and capacity building, and an enterprise asset management system will be provided through the Army Corps of Engineers or its contractors. The project manager, separately funded by DOI, was hired in October 2015 and the first year funds were made available in February 2015.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

A number of public laws (PL 32-229, 32-120, 32-121, 32-181) were enacted and contained provisions to address the \$100M renovation or rebuilding of Simon Sanchez High School (SSHS) as well as the deferred maintenance projects identified by the ABC assessment. The Department of Public Works was tasked to prepare an RFP. The lease back financing mechanism specified in PL-32-121 and PL 31-229 lends itself to whole school renovations. The initial RFP issued in June 2015 was cancelled and a new RFP was subsequently issued. Proposals were submitted in November 2015 and as of the date of this report negotiations with the selected vendor were ongoing.

Salaries and benefits, including retirement and healthcare benefits, represent a primary component of GDOE expenditures, accounting for \$226,171,991 or 71.9% of total (federal and local) expenditures in FY15. Eighty-five percent or \$191,502,514 was funded through local appropriations and \$34,669,477 was funded through federal grants. In comparison to FY14, these expenditures increased by 4% or \$8.7M (\$7M local and \$1.7M federal).

The number of GDOE employees increased by 192, from 3,705 (pay period ending October 4, 2014) to 3,897 (pay period ending October 3, 2015). Note that this is a count of employees at a point in time and is a function of a number of factors including funding availability, program start dates, staff turnover and availability of applicants.

	Pay period Ending <u>10/3/2015</u>	Pay period ending <u>10/4/2014</u>	<u>Change</u>
100% Locally Funded Employees	2,905	2,754	151
100% Federally Funded Employees	877	812	65
Locally/Federally Funded Employees	<u> 115</u>	139	(24)
Total Employee Count	3,897	3,705	192

The number of locally funded and federally funded employees increased by 151 and 65, respectively, while the number of locally/federally funded employees decreased by 24. Employees counted as locally/federally funded were primarily locally funded elementary teachers whom also participated in the federally funded after-school program, ASPIRE.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

The costs of a number of critical contracts and services (listed in the table below) netted an increase in expenditure of nearly \$2.2M in FY15. While payments to GDOE's TPFA, cash collection and accreditation expenditures declined, this was offset by increases in food management services, air-conditioning maintenance and other contractual services.

CRITICAL CONTRACTS	FY15		FY15		FY14		Change
Custodial Services	\$	2,906,535	\$	2,458,556	\$ 447,978		
Copier Services	\$	893,059	\$	829,637	\$ 63,422		
Cash Collection	\$	83,514	\$	169,888	\$ (86,374)		
Internet	\$	924,412	\$	640,840	\$ 283,572		
Trash Collection	\$	1,079,999	\$	1,066,650	\$ 13,350		
Accreditation	\$	65,670	\$	122,948	\$ (57,278)		
Food Management Services	\$	14,457,674	\$	13,044,254	\$ 1,413,419		
Third Party Fiduciary Agent	\$	3,083,192	\$	3,611,442	\$ (528,250)		
Air-Conditioning Maintenance	\$	1,436,816	\$	803,724	\$ 633,092		

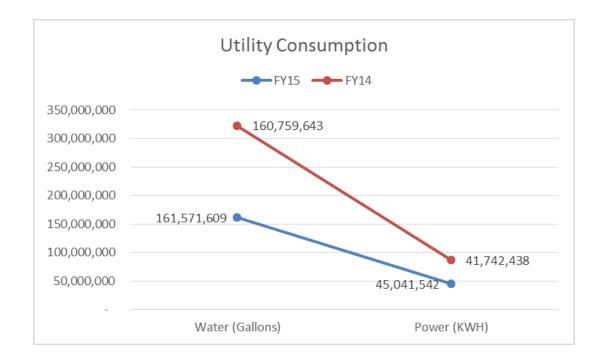
At the start of SY15-16, GDOE changed the ratio of outsourced cafeterias to GDOE operated from 35:6 to 37:4, and opted to increase the number of schools serving meals at no charge from 21 to 27. While this change increased the total cost of GDOE's food management services, GDOE's total reimbursements under the federal CNP Community Eligibility Program (CEP) for all 41 schools also increased from \$11,272,963 in FY14 to \$11,790,474 in FY15.

Reimbursements from U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) for eligible meals through the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs are currently based on rates established for the 48 contiguous States. The University of Guam was contracted to perform a cost study of the programs to make a case to USDA that costs on Guam are significantly higher and Guam rates should be aligned with those established for Hawaii or Alaska. In April 2015, the study was completed and submitted to USDA.

FY15 Utilities (power, water, telephone) combined accounted for 5% or \$15.5M of total expenditures. The table below shows water and power consumption for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. In comparison to FY14, power expenditures declined by \$1.9M despite a 7.9% or 3.2M increase in KWH consumption. Water expenditures increased by \$465K but with a significantly smaller increase in gallons consumed, .51% or 811K. There were no significant increases in the level of telephone services or number of telephone lines.

Changes in rate schedules throughout fiscal year 2015 also impacted comparative changes in each utility expenditure.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015



In January 2015, GDOE's non-profit corporation Foundation for Public Education, Inc. received and distributed a \$10K private donation to support Science, Technology, and Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) curriculum at Inarajan Middle School. The foundation was established in September 2013 under the Foundation for Public Education Act of 2009 (PL 30-08).

Twenty-five GDOE schools are accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC). In the spring of 2015, 10 of the 25 schools were visited by WASC teams resulting in fournewly accredited schools (B.P. Carbullido Elementary, M.A. Ulloa Elementary, Ordot Chalan Pago Elementary, and Tiyan High schools), and the affirmation or renewal of accreditation statuses for 6 others. An accreditation plan has been developed to have the remaining 15 elementary schools accredited by 2020.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Net Position consists of current assets and capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation plus deferred outflows of resources less both current and noncurrent liabilities as well as deferred inflows of resources. From FY2014 to FY2015, total assets decreased by \$10.6M and total liabilities decreased by \$42.3M. This is a reversal from FY2013 to FY2014, when total assets increased by \$44.5M and total liabilities increased by \$71.6M. The change is directly tied to the inclusion of GDOE Net Pension Liability estimated at \$362,292,904 in FY15 and \$400,356,244 in FY14, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

Summary of Net Position

	<u>2015</u>	2014 <u>(As Restated)</u>	% <u>Change</u>
Assets: Current assets Noncurrent assets Total assets Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 18,060,648 <u>359,224,505</u> <u>377,285,153</u> <u>42,849,189</u>	<pre>\$ 16,502,163 <u>371,462,973 387,965,136 39,572,248</u></pre>	9.4% (3.3%) (2.8%) 8.3%
	\$ <u>420,134,342</u>	\$ <u>427,537,384</u>	(1.7%)
Liabilities: Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 38,683,337 <u>553,313,813</u> <u>591,997,150</u>	\$ 37,009,765 <u>597,316,007</u> <u>634,325,772</u>	4.5% (7.4%) (6.7%)
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>34,739,317</u> 626,736,467	<u>23,929,592</u> 658,255,364	45.2% (4.8%)
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for CIP, technology, equipment	174,596,555	180,179,172	(3.1%)
projects Restricted for maintenance and insurance Unrestricted Total net position	293,131 1,375,000 <u>(382,866,811</u>) <u>(206,602,125)</u> \$ <u>420,134,342</u>	4,260,730 1,500,000 <u>(416,657,882</u>) <u>(230,717,980)</u> \$ <u>427,537,384</u>	(93.1%) (8.3%) (8.1%) (10.5%) (1.7%)

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The statement of activities and changes in net position represents revenues and expenses for the current fiscal year. The statement of activities and changes in net position reflects an increase in net position of \$24.1M for FY15.

	2014	
<u>2015</u>	(As Restated)	<u>% Change</u>
•	• • • • • • • • • • •	/
\$ 257,260,165	\$ 239,776,988	7.29%
58,052,789	54,629,762	6.27%
231,703	396,398	(41.55%)
1,040,777	835,928	24.5%
316,585,434	295,639,076	7.09%
69 861 118	73 667 530	(5.17%)
		(2.09%)
		(,
		(3.54%)
43,591,603	53,047,568	(17.83%)
11,182,542	8,267,264	35.26%
-	3,744,380	(100.00%)
4,795,548	2,832,500	69.30%
292,469,579	309,042,377	(5.36%)
24.115.855	(13.403.301)	(279.9%)
<u>(230,717,980)</u>	<u>(217,314,679)</u>	6.17%
\$ <u>(206,602,125)</u>	\$ <u>(230,717,980)</u>	(10.45%)
	\$257,260,165 58,052,789 231,703 1,040,777 316,585,434 69,861,118 100,428,861 62,609,907 43,591,603 11,182,542 - 4,795,548 292,469,579 24,115,855 (230,717,980)	$\begin{array}{c c} \underline{2015} & (\underline{As \ Restated}) \\ \$ \ 257,260,165 & \$ \ 239,776,988 \\ 58,052,789 & 54,629,762 \\ 231,703 & 396,398 \\ \underline{1,040,777} & \underline{835,928} \\ \underline{316,585,434} & \underline{295,639,076} \\ \hline \\ 69,861,118 & 73,667,530 \\ 100,428,861 & 102,573,953 \\ 62,609,907 & 64,910,182 \\ 43,591,603 & 53,047,568 \\ 11,182,542 & 8,267,264 \\ - & 3,744,380 \\ \underline{4,795,548} & \underline{2,832,500} \\ \underline{292,469,579} & \underline{309,042,377} \\ 24,115,855 & (13,403,301) \\ (\underline{230,717,980}) & (\underline{217,314,679}) \\ \end{array}$

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

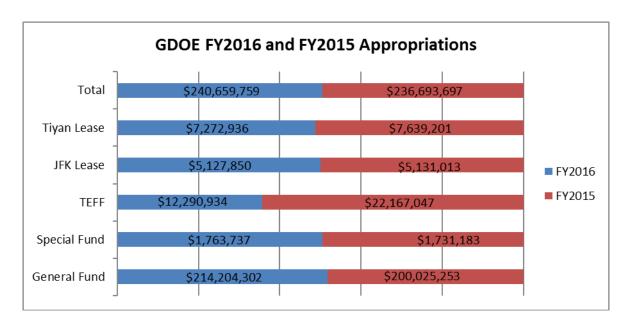
Pursuant to the FY16 Budget Act (PL 33-66), General Fund revenues for FY16 are projected to increase approximately \$40M, from \$784M in FY15 to \$824M. BBMR Circular 16-01 imposed a 15% reserve on all executive branch agency appropriations; however, Section 1303 Division 1 Chapter 1 Article 3 of 5 GCA (as amended by P.L. 32-181) mandated only a 3% reserve (\$6.6M) may be applied to GDOE.

FY16 appropriations (PL 33-66, 32-120) for GDOE totaled \$240.6M, a 1.68% or \$3.9M increase over FY15 appropriation levels (\$236.6M).

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

The \$3.9M increase in authorized spending included the following:

- 1. \$506K increase in appropriations for the Guahan Academy (\$3.3M) and *l'Learn* (\$2.475M) charter schools, from \$5,269,000 in FY15 to \$5,775,000 in FY16;
- \$100K in new start-up funding to implement the First Generation Trust Initiative (P.L. 33-007) to provide scholarships to GDOE graduates attending the University of Guam or Guam Community College;
- 3. \$32,554 in additional funding for school libraries under the Public Library System Fund, from \$839,429 in FY15 to \$871,983 in FY16; and



4. \$3.3M to cover organic growth in the cost of GDOE personnel and operations expenditures.

The \$1.7M in special fund appropriations in FY16 was designated for interscholastic sports, health and physical education activities, and school libraries.

Additionally, and not included in the comparative table above:

- ✓ \$2.9M in lease payments for Okkodo High School Expansion to include maintenance;
- ✓ \$11,164,309 in additional appropriations (\$10.3M in Federal reimbursements and \$875K in cash collections) related to the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs. The reimbursements are provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food and Nutrition Services for meals served to students and children who attend public schools; and
- ✓ \$60K in FY15 supplemental funding for the Chamorro Studies division and \$15K to establish an electronic Service Learning Directory for GDOE students, faculty, parents and stakeholders.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

In October 2015, GDOE launched its Pre-Kindergarten Program (GEB Resolution 2014-08), and began operating an additional classroom in all four regions (Haya, Kattan, Luchan and Lagu districts). Total of 72 students were enrolled at J.Q. San Miguel, Lyndon B. Johnson, Marcial Sablan, and Finegayan Elementary Schools.

In December 2015, GDOE cut the ribbon on the newly constructed Tiyan High School gymnasium. Financing for the construction was authorized under provisions in local law that allow for school construction and facilities in Tiyan, including the construction of an additional central office building and warehouses under lease back terms. The additional office building and warehouses are expected to be completed in the first quarter of FY2017 and will mark the consolidation of all of GDOE's central office operations into one centralized location.

In January 2016, GovGuam General Services Agency (GSA) awarded a bid GSA/DOE 030-15 to install security systems throughout Guam public schools under The Secure our School Act. PL 32-009 was signed into law on April 2, 2013 and appropriated \$800K for the installation and maintenance of electronic or other security systems at all Guam public schools. The investment will help reduce the number of school burglaries, incidences of vandalism, and other crimes and associated costs of repairs and replacement of equipment.

In February 2016, GDOE became the first school district in the nation to receive district-level accreditation (6 years) from the Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC). Under GDOE's state strategic plan '2020: A Clear Vision for Education on Guam' School District accreditation status as a means to provide a continuous cycle of improvement of support services to our schools and hold the central office operations accountable to established standards.

The Guam Education Board also renewed the contract for GDOE's Superintendent to expire in 2020.

MANAGEMENT CONTACT

This financial report is designed to provide GDOE's stakeholders (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of GDOE's finances and to demonstrate the Department's accountability for the money it receives.

For questions or additional information, please contact Taling M. Taitano, Deputy Superintendent of Finance and Administrative Services, Guam Department of Education, 500 Mariner Avenue, Barrigada, Guam 96913; e-mail tmtaitano@gdoe.net; call (671) 300-1575; or log on to our website at: www.gdoe.net.

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables from federal agencies Due from primary government Prepayments and other assets Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	3,231,702 5,967,495 7,586,515 981,805 192,676 100,455
Total current assets		18,060,648
Noncurrent assets: Deferred maintenance and insurance costs Capital assets:		1,375,000
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		357,849,505
Total noncurrent assets		359,224,505
Total assets		377,285,153
Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred outflows from pension		42,849,189
Deletted outliows from pension	\$	420,134,342
	-	,,.
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Other liabilities and accruals Payable to federal agencies Current portion of obligations under capital lease Current portion of compensated absences payable Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Net pension liability Compensated absences payable, net of current portion Accrued sick leave liability Obligations under capital lease, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows from pension	\$	14,520,021 6,866,675 4,340,625 5,645,597 6,923,270 387,149 38,683,337 362,292,904 4,452,215 10,239,014 176,329,680 553,313,813 591,997,150 34,739,317 626,736,467
Commitments and contingencies		
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: CIP, technology and equipment projects Maintenance and insurance costs Unrestricted	_	174,596,555 293,131 1,375,000 (382,866,811)
Total net position		(206,602,125)
	\$	420,134,342

Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2015

		Program Revenues			
		Operating		t (Expense)	
	_	Charges for Grants and		venue and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services Contributions	Change	s in Net Position	
Governmental Activities: Elementary Education Secondary Education	\$ 69,861,118 \$ 100,428,861	5 - \$ 115,111 - 103,117	\$	(69,746,007) (100,325,744)	
Direct Student Support General Administration Retiree healthcare benefits Charter Schools	62,609,907 43,591,603 11,182,542 4,795,548	1,272,480 55,146,274 - 2,688,287 		(6,191,153) (40,903,316) (11,182,542) (4,795,548)	
Total governmental activities	\$ <u>292,469,579</u> \$	5,052,789		(233,144,310)	
General revenues: Appropriations: Operations Retiree healthcare benefits Textbooks Guahan Academy Charter School iLearn Academy Charter School					
	Total gene	ral revenues	-	257,260,165	
	Change in net po	osition	-	24,115,855	
	Net position at be	eginning of year, as previously rep	orted	153,995,608	
	Implementation of	of GASB Statement No. 68	-	(384,713,588)	
	Net position at be	eginning of year, as restated	-	(230,717,980)	
	Net position at er	nd of year	\$	(206,602,125)	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>		General	Special Revenue Federal Grants Assistance	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,424,412 \$	5 1,807,290 \$	3,231,702
Receivables from federal agencies		-	5,967,495	5,967,495
Due from primary government		7,586,515	-	7,586,515
Prepayments and other assets		412,716	1,589	414,305
Due from other funds		-	3,772,436	3,772,436
Restricted assets:		100 676		100 676
Cash and cash equivalents Investments		192,676 100,455	-	192,676 100,455
investments		100,433	·	100,433
Total assets	\$	9,716,774 \$	<u> </u>	21,265,584
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)				
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	12,071,240 \$	5 2,448,781 \$	14,520,021
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	Φ	5,820,460	1,046,215	6,866,675
Other liabilities and accruals		1,932,408	2,408,217	4,340,625
Payable to federal agencies		-	5,645,597	5,645,597
Due to other funds		3,772,436		3,772,436
Total liabilities		23,596,544	11,548,810	35,145,354
Fund balances (deficit):				
Restricted		293,131	-	293,131
Unassigned		(14,172,901)		(14,172,901)
Total fund balances (deficit)		(13,879,770)	<u> </u>	(13,879,770)
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficit)	\$	9,716,774 \$	<u> </u>	21,265,584

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

Total fund balance-governmental funds		\$ (13,879,770)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Prepayment of capital lease obligations in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These assets consist of:		
Prepayment-interest Prepayment-maintenance	410,833 156,667	567,500
Maintenance costs associated with capital lease obligations in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		1,375,000
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These assets consist of:		
Buildings and improvements Vehicles, furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	480,782,198 13,027,786 (135,960,479)	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		357,849,505
Deferred outflows related to pensions benefit future periods and are not reported in the governmental funds.		42,849,189
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These liabilities include:		
Net pension liability Accrued sick leave liability Compensated absences payable Obligations under capital lease	(362,292,904) (10,239,014) (4,839,364) (183,252,950)	
Long-term liabilities		(560,624,232)
Deferred inflows related to pensions benefit future periods and are not reported in the governmental funds.		 (34,739,317)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ (206,602,125)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2015

			Special Revenue Federal Grants	
		General	Assistance	Total
Revenues:				
Appropriations	\$	250,160,165 \$	7,100,000 \$	257,260,165
Federal grants and contributions		554,293	57,498,496	58,052,789
Cafeteria sales		231,703	-	231,703
Fees and other program receipts		737,812	302,965	1,040,777
Total revenues	_	251,683,973	64,901,461	316,585,434
Expenditures:				
Elementary Education		76,245,543	115,111	76,360,654
Secondary Education		88,362,065	103,117	88,465,182
Direct Student Support		13,648,926	54,894,946	68,543,872
General Administration		39,392,029	2,688,287	42,080,316
Retiree healthcare benefits		11,182,542	-	11,182,542
Guahan Academy Charter School		3,335,910	-	3,335,910
iLearn Academy Charter School Debt service:		1,459,638	-	1,459,638
Lease payment	_	17,725,162	7,100,000	24,825,162
Total expenditures		251,351,815	64,901,461	316,253,276
Net change in fund balances (deficit)		332,158	-	332,158
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	_	(14,211,928)	-	(14,211,928)
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$_	(13,879,770) \$	\$	(13,879,770)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) to the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2015

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	332,158
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activitie are different because:	es	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. For the current year, these amounts consist of:		
Capital outlays, net of disposals Depreciation expense	173,490 (12,286,958)	(12,113,468)
Prepayment of capital lease obligations in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
governmental teneo.		(172,439)
The issuance of long-term debt (eg. leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. For the current year, these amounts consist of:		
Repayment of capital leases	6,530,851	6,530,851
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. For the current year, these activities consist of:		
Net pension activity	30,530,556	
Change in compensated absences payable Change in accrued sick leave liability	(92,334) (899,469)	20 539 752
	(099,409)	29,538,753
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	24,115,855

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Fund September 30, 2015

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	625,403
Total assets	\$_	625,403
LIABILITIES		
Deposits and other liabilities	\$_	625,403
Total liabilities	\$_	625,403

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Guam Department of Education (GDOE) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized Standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. GDOE's significant accounting policies are described below:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Guam Department of Education (GDOE), formerly known as the Guam Public School System, is a line agency of the Government of Guam (GovGuam), which is the primary government, and the accompanying financial statements are included within GovGuam's financial statements. GDOE has followed the same reporting framework as utilized by GovGuam in preparation of its annual financial statements to allow combination of these financial statements with those of GovGuam. GovGuam's general fund is ultimately liable for the financial operations of GDOE.

The governance of GDOE is vested in the Guam Education Board per 17GCA Chapter 3 section § 3102.3, composed of 9 voting members, 6 elected, 3 appointed and 2 nonvoting members. GDOE operates 26 elementary schools and 15 secondary schools to provide free and appropriate education to students residing on Guam.

In August 2013, the Foundation for Public Education, Inc. (the Foundation) was established. The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt entity which meets the criteria set forth for component units under GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. The Foundation provides financial support for the objectives, purposes and programs of GDOE. Although GDOE does not control the timing, purpose, or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the resources (and income thereon) that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of GDOE. Because the resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of GDOE, the Foundation reported minimal collections, therefore omission of the Foundation is not considered material to the accompanying financial statements.

B. <u>Department-Wide Financial Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report financial information on all non-fiduciary activities of GDOE. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. GDOE activities are governmental activities, which generally are financed through local appropriations and intergovernmental revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

B. Department-Wide Financial Statements, Continued

The Statement of Net Position presents all of the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for other debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- *Restricted net position* results when constraints placed on net position use is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position, which does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often is designated, to indicate that management does not consider such to be available for general operations. Such often has restrictions that are imposed by management, but can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or students who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a particular function. Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function. Local appropriations and other items not meeting the definition of program revenues are, instead, reported as general revenue and offset or supplant the net operating deficit or surplus from governmental operations.

C. Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the department–wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements pursuant to GASB reporting standards. GDOE presents a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for its governmental funds. The ending fund balance on the balance sheet is then reconciled to the ending governmental activities net position.

GDOE reports its financial position and results of operations in funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Transactions between funds within a fund type, if any, have not been eliminated.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

D. Fund Balance

Fund balance classifications are based on the extent to which GDOE is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent and are reported under the following fund balance classification:

Non-spendable – Balances that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – Balances that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as creditors, grantors or other governments.

Committed – Balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Guam Legislature.

Assigned – Balances that are constrained by management to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned – Residual balances that are not contained in the other classifications.

GDOE has a general policy to first use restricted resources for expenditures incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available. When expenditures are incurred for which only unrestricted resources are available, the general policy of GDOE is to use committed resources first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned. The use of restricted/committed resources may be deferred based on a review of the specific transaction.

A formal minimum fund balance policy has not been adopted.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Department -Wide Financial Statements:

The department-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) changes to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally generated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. General revenue is derived from legislative appropriations.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, Continued

Governmental Funds Financial Statements:

Governmental funds account for the general governmental activities of GDOE and are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as they become susceptible to accrual; generally when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include local appropriations, federal grants, federal reimbursements and other reimbursements for use of materials and services. Revenues from other financing sources are recognized when received. Expenditures are recorded in the period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term obligations are recorded as fund liabilities when due. Compensated absences, claims and judgments, termination benefits and similar activities are recognized to the extent that they are normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Fund Accounting:

GDOE uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain GDOE functions or activities.

GDOE reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the primary operating fund of GDOE. It is used to account for all governmental transactions, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Federal Grants Assistance Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for federally funded programs for GDOE's major activities. This fund is made up entirely by special revenue funds which account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. In this case, the expenditures are for activities authorized by the federal agency grantor.

In addition, GDOE reports the following fiduciary fund types:

<u>Agency Fund</u> - This fiduciary fund is used to account for student activities at the school level, such as student organization fund raisings and after-school programs.

F. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services and are generally evidenced by outstanding purchase orders, contracts and interdepartmental work requests. At September 30, 2015, GDOE has significant encumbrances summarized as follows:

General Fund	\$ 2,971,090
Federal Grants Assistance Fund	8,011,564
	\$ 10,982,654

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes deposits with financial institutions on Guam in interest and non-interest bearing accounts.

H. Investments

Investments and related investment earnings are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale and are primarily determined based on quoted market values.

I. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables primarily consist of federal grants due from U.S. federal grantor agencies and appropriations from the GovGuam general fund.

J. Prepaid Items

Certain payments made to vendors or persons for services reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both department-wide and fund financial statements.

K. Interfund Receivables/Payables

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated in the department-wide financial statements. Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the Statement of Net Position. Interfund balances account for general fund payments for Federal programs that are expected to be repaid within one year by the special revenue fund with Federal fund reimbursements.

During the course of its operations, GDOE records transactions between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. Receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the governmental fund balance sheet. These balances result from a time lag between the dates the 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made, and are scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure (e.g. roads, sidewalks, and other similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activity column of the department-wide financial statements. Such assets, whether purchased or constructed, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

L. Capital Assets, Continued

Capital assets are capitalized when the cost of the individual item generally exceeds \$50,000 for financial statement purposes. All vehicles are capitalized for financial statement purposes. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Applicable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method with a full year's depreciation charged in the year of acquisition and disposal, regardless of date. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Type of Assets	Estimated Useful Life <u>(in years)</u>
Buildings Furniture	
Equipment, office equipment and specialized equipment	5 to 20
Computer hardware and software	5 to 7
Vehicles	5 to 20

Capital asset activities for the year ended September 30, 2015 are as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 480,782,198	\$-	\$-	\$ 480,782,198
Vehicles, furniture and equipmen	t <u>13,863,339</u>	173,490	<u>(1,009,043</u>)	13,027,786
	494,645,537	173,490	(1,009,043)	493,809,984
Less: accumulated depreciation	(<u>124,682,564</u>)	(<u>12,286,958</u>)	1,009,043	<u>(135,960,479</u>)
Depreciable capital assets, net	\$ <u>369,962,973</u>	\$ (<u>12,113,468</u>)	\$	\$ <u>357,849,505</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of GDOE as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Elementary Education	\$ 3,112,928
Secondary Education	8,241,042
Direct Student Support	172,146
General Administration	760,842
	\$ <u>12,286,958</u>

M. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (deduction of net position) until then.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

N. Long-Term Debt

The liabilities reported in the department-wide financial statements include GDOE's capital leases, and long-term liabilities including vacation, sick leave, and pension.

O. Net Position

GDOE reports net position as restricted where legally segregated for a specific future use. Otherwise, these balances are considered unrestricted.

Net Position has been restricted as follows:

CIP, technology and equipment projects - identifies amounts legislatively and externally restricted for the Adequate Education Act Trust Account.

Maintenance and insurance costs – identifies amounts from the Municipal School Lease Agreement.

Federal programs - identifies amounts held for various externally imposed restrictions either by grantors or laws and regulations of other governments.

P. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (additions to net position) until then.

Q. Compensated Absences

Non-teacher employees are credited with vacation at rates of 104 or 156 hours per fiscal year, depending upon their length of service.

- 1. One-half day (4 hours) for each full bi-weekly pay period in the case of employees with less than five years of service (5 years of service accrue 4 hours).
- 2. Three-fourths day (6 hours) for each full bi-weekly pay period in the case of employees with more than 5 years of service (at least five years of service accrue 6 hours).
- 3. One (1) day (8 hours) for each full bi-weekly pay period in the case of employees with more than fifteen (15) years of service.

Accumulation of such vacation credits is limited to 320 hours at fiscal year-end and is convertible to pay upon termination of employment. Compensated absences are recorded as a long-term liability in the statement of net position. Amounts to be paid during the next fiscal year are reported as current. For the governmental fund statements, vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

R. Payable to Federal Agencies

Payable to federal agencies represents federal funds received in advance of eligible expenditures which have not been earned or do not meet the "available" criterion for revenue recognition under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

S. Interfund Transactions

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that enabling legislation or budget requires to collect them to the fund that enabling legislation or budget requires to expend them, 2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and 3) record reductions in interfund loans for amounts that are not expected to be repaid.

T. Dedicated Revenues and Pledges

GDOE has entered into a municipal school lease agreement for certain leased schools and facilities whereby GovGuam, on behalf of GDOE, has pledged a portion of future Compact Impact grant funds to finance annual lease payments under this agreement. This lease obligation is payable solely from Compact Impact grant revenues payable to GovGuam by the United States Government pursuant to the Compact of Free Association Act, U.S. Public Law 108-188. Total payments remaining on this municipal school lease agreement are approximately \$70,100,000 payable through December 2025. For the year ended September 30, 2015, lease payments made and total Compact Impact grant revenues received were \$7,100,000.

U. Pensions

Pensions are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting. GDOE recognizes a net pension liability for the pension plan in which it participates, which represents GDOE's proportional share of excess total pension liability over the pension plan assets - actuarially calculated - of a single employer plan, measured as of the fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the qualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred. Projected earnings on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

V. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

W. Total Columns

Total columns are presented primarily to facilitate financial analysis. The Management's Discussion and Analysis includes certain prior year summarized comparative information in total. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a full comparative presentation. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with GDOE's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2014 from which summarized information was derived.

X. <u>New Accounting Standards</u>

During the year ended September 30, 2015, GDOE implemented the following pronouncements:

- GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, which revise and establish new financial reporting requirements for most governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. The implementation of these statements has no impact on GDOE's governmental fund financial statements, which continue to report expenditures in the amount statutorily required. However, implementation has resulted in the restatement of GDOE's fiscal year 2014 department-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of net pension liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources for its qualified pension plan and the recognition of pension expense in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. Net position as of October 1, 2014 for governmental activities decreased by \$384,713,588 as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. Refer to Note 5 for more information regarding GDOE's pensions.
- GASB Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, which improves accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments' combinations and disposals of government operations. Government combinations include mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. A disposal of government operations can occur through a transfer to another government or a sale. The implementation of this statement did not have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

X. <u>New Accounting Standards, Continued</u>

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application,* which addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements and requires entities to expand their fair value disclosures by determining major categories of debt and equity securities within the fair value hierarchy on the basis of the nature and risk of the investment. The provisions in Statement 72 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. Management believes that the implementation of this statement only requires additional disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques and will not have a material effect on the financial statements of GDOE.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, which aligns the reporting requirements for pensions and pension plans not covered in GASB Statements 67 and 68 with the reporting requirements in Statement 68. The provisions in Statement No. 73 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015, with the exception of the provisions that address employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of GDOE.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, which replaces Statements No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans*, and addresses financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). The provisions in Statement No. 74 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Management believes that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of GDOE.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, and provides guidance on reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. The provisions in Statement No. 75 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Management believes that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of GDOE.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

X. <u>New Accounting Standards, Continued</u>

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, which eliminates two of the four categories of authoritative GAAP that exist under the existing hierarchy prescribed by Statement 55. The two categories that will remain under the new standard are (1) GASB Statements and (2) GASB technical bulletins and implementation guides in addition to AICPA guidance that the GASB clears. The provisions in Statement No. 76 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of GDOE.

In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, which requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose certain information about the agreements. The provisions in Statement No. 77 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of GDOE.

(2) <u>Deposits in Banks and Investments</u>

A. Deposit in Banks

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, GDOE's deposits may not be returned to it. Such deposits are not covered by depository insurance and are either uncollateralized or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or held by the pledging institution but not in the depositor-government's name. GDOE does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of GDOE's total cash and cash equivalents was \$3,424,378 and the corresponding bank balance was \$5,324,887, which is maintained in a financial institution subject to Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. As of September 30, 2015, bank deposits in the amount of \$250,000 were FDIC insured. GDOE does not require collateralization of its cash deposits; therefore, deposit levels in excess of FDIC insurance coverage are uncollateralized. Accordingly, these deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk. GDOE has not experienced any significant losses in such accounts and GDOE management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on its deposits.

B. Investments

Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Concentration of credit risk for investments is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure by issuer and amount of investments in any one issuer that represents five percent (5%) or more of total investments for GDOE.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(2) Deposits in Banks and Investments, Continued

B. Investments, Continued

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of debt instruments. GDOE does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

As of September 30, 2015, GDOE's General Fund investments of \$100,455 are recorded at fair value and are classified as certificates of deposit.

Per Public Law 31-40, the Legislature created the Adequate Education Act Trust Account to be separate and apart from the General Fund. As of September 30, 2015, investments of \$100,455 are restricted for this purpose. Subsequently, Public Law 31-77 required interest and investment earnings to be continuously appropriated to pay for projects approved per PL 31-40 or the projects approved in the original SFSF grant application and any approved amendments thereafter.

(3) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental activities:					
Accrued sick leave liability	\$ 9,339,545	\$ 1,147,089	\$ (247,620)	\$ 10,239,014	\$-
Compensated absences	4,747,030	469,194	(376,860)	4,839,364	387,149
Net pension liability	400,356,244	10,327,508	(48,390,848)	362,292,904	-
Obligations under capital lease	<u>189,783,801</u>		<u>(6,530,851</u>)	<u>183,252,950</u>	<u>6,923,270</u>
	\$ <u>604,226,620</u>	\$ <u>11,943,791</u>	\$ (<u>55,546,179</u>)	\$ <u>560,624,232</u>	\$ <u>7,310,419</u>

(4) <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

A. Sick Leave

It is the policy of GDOE to record the cost of sick leave when leave is actually taken and a liability is actually incurred. Generally, sick leave is paid only when an employee is absent due to illness, injury or related-family illness. Under the Defined Contribution Retirement System (DCRS), an employee may convert into cash up to 50% of the accrued sick leave liability. For this reason, a sick leave liability is recorded at September 30, 2015. The estimated accumulated amount of unused sick leave at September 30, 2015, is \$44,499,718, of which an estimated \$10,239,014 may be convertible by DCRS employees upon retirement.

B. Federal Grants

GDOE has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. If the audit results in cost disallowances, the general fund may be liable. However, management does not believe this matter will result in a material liability. Therefore, no liability for any amount, which may ultimately arise from these matters, has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(4) <u>Commitments and Contingencies, Continued</u>

B. Federal Grants, Continued

Fines and penalties may also be imposed by various federal agencies for violations of certain regulations. However, no provision for any amount has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements, as it is not possible to predict a reasonable estimation of these fines and penalties.

GDOE is designated a high-risk grantee by the U.S. Department of Education.

C. Non-Appropriated Funds

Non-appropriated funds are maintained at the individual schools. While certain matters have been or are expected to be referred to the GovGuam's Attorney General, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for any liability that may arise from these funds held in trust by GDOE.

D. <u>Self-Insurance</u>

GDOE does not purchase insurance covering potential risks; it is substantially self-insured against claims for negligence and catastrophic losses. In the event that losses arise from such claims or disasters, GovGuam's General Fund would be required to pay the majority of these losses. An annual appropriation is made to the Government Claims Fund (a governmental fund of GovGuam) and then valid claims are paid out against the appropriated amount. No material losses have occurred as a result of the policy in the past three years.

E. Public Law 28-45

Under Public Law 28-45, entitled "Every Child is Entitled to an Adequate Public Education Act," effective October 1, 2007, a public school student shall have a claim and standing to sue GovGuam and any officer of the Executive Branch of GovGuam in his official capacity only for the purpose of enjoining such officer from failing to provide an adequate public education to that public school student but *not* for money damages. Given the lack of adequate funding to meet all of the requirements of Public Law 28-45, it is reasonably possible that law suits will be filed against GDOE and legal costs will be incurred.

F. Litigation

GDOE is party to several legal proceedings arising from governmental operations, however, the Legal Counsel and Attorney General of Guam is unable to assess the likelihood of potential liabilities related to claims outstanding as of September 30, 2015. Hence, it is not possible to predict a reasonable estimation of these claims to be paid through the claims process. No provision that may result has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

G. Internal Audits

There are certain internal audits ongoing as of the date of this report. No adjustments have been made in the accompanying financial statements as such are still in progress.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(5) Employee Retirement Plans

Defined Benefit Plan

A. General Information About the Pension Plan:

Plan Description: GDOE participates in the GovGuam Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a singleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the GovGuam Retirement Fund (GGRF). The DB Plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan members who enrolled in the plan prior to October 1, 1995. Article 1 of 4 GCA 8, Section 8105, requires that all employees of GovGuam, regardless of age or length of service, become members of the DB Plan prior to the operative date. Employees of a public corporation of GovGuam, which includes GDOE, have the option of becoming members of the DB Plan prior to the operative date. All employees of GovGuam, including employees of GovGuam public corporations, whose employment commences on or after October 1, 1995, are required to participate in the Defined Contribution Retirement System (DCRS). Hence, the DB Plan became a closed group.

A single actuarial valuation is performed annually covering all plan members and the same contribution rate applies to each employer. GGRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the DB Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Government of Guam Retirement Fund, 424 A Route 8, Maite, Guam 96910, or by visiting GGRF's website – www.ggrf.com.

Plan Membership: As of September 30, 2014, the date of the most recent valuation, plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	7,226
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	4,941
Current members	<u>2,692</u>
	<u>14,859</u>

Benefits Provided: The DB Plan provides pension benefits to retired employees generally based on age and/or years of credited service and an average of the three highest annual salaries received by a member during years of credited service, or \$6,000, whichever is greater. Cost-of-living adjustments and other supplemental annuity benefits are provided to members and beneficiaries at the discretion of the Guam Legislature.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(5) Employees' Retirement Plan, Continued

Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

A. General Information About the Pension Plan, Continued:

Members who joined the DB Plan prior to October 1, 1981 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 (age 55 for uniformed personnel); or 20 to 24 years of service regardless of age with a reduced benefit if the member is under age 60; or completion of 25 years of service at any age.

Members who joined the DB Plan on or after October 1, 1981 and prior to August 22, 1984 may retire with 15 years of service at age 60 (age 55 for uniformed personnel); or 25 to 29 years of service regardless of age with a reduced benefit if the member is under age 60; or completion of 30 years of service at any age.

Members who joined the DB Plan after August 22, 1984 and prior to October 1, 1995 may retire with 15 years of service at age 65 (age 60 for uniformed personnel); or 25 to 29 years of service regardless of age with a reduced benefit if the member is under age 65; or completion of 30 years of service at any age.

Upon termination of employment before attaining at least 25 years of total service, a member is entitled to receive a refund of total contributions including interest. A member who terminates after completing at least 5 years of service has the option of leaving contributions in the GGRF and receiving a service retirement benefit upon attainment of the age of 60 years. In the event of disability during employment, members under the age of 65 with six or more years of credited service who are not entitled to receive disability payments from the United States Government are eligible to receive sixty six and two-thirds of the average of their three highest annual salaries received during years of credited service. The DB Plan also provides death benefits.

Contributions and Funding Policy: Contribution requirements of participating employers and active members are determined in accordance with Guam law. Employer contributions are actuarially determined under the One-Year Lag Methodology. Under this methodology, the actuarial valuation date is used for calculating the employer contributions for the second following fiscal year. For example the September 30, 2013 actuarial valuation was used for determining the year ended September 30, 2015 statutory contributions. Member contributions are required at 9.5% of base pay.

As a result of actuarial valuations performed as of September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, contribution rates required to fully fund the Retirement Fund liability, as required by Guam law, for the years ended September 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively, have been determined as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Normal costs (% of DB Plan payroll) Employee contributions (DB Plan employees)	15.92% <u>9.55</u> %	16.61% <u>9.50</u> %	17.52% <u>9.50</u> %
Employer portion of normal costs (% of DB Plan payroll)	<u>6.37</u> %	<u> 7.11</u> %	<u>8.02</u> %

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(5) Employees' Retirement Plan, Continued

Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

A. General Information About the Pension Plan, Continued:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Employer portion of normal costs (% of total payroll) Unfunded liability cost (% of total payroll)	2.05% <u>24.09</u> %	2.39% <u>24.01</u> %	3.00% <u>24.33</u> %
Government contribution as a % of total payroll	<u>26.14</u> %	<u>26.40</u> %	<u>27.33</u> %
Statutory contribution rates as a % of DB Plan payroll: Employer	<u>29.85</u> %	<u>30.03</u> %	<u>30.09</u> %
Employee	<u>9.50</u> %	<u>9.50</u> %	<u>9.50</u> %

GDOE's contributions to the DB Plan for the years ending September 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$12,829,428, \$13,982,663 and \$14,198,885, respectively, which were equal to the statutorily required contributions for each year.

Actuarial Assumptions: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates are as follows:

Valuation Date:	September 30, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry age normal
Amortization Method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period:	16.58 years
Asset Valuation Method:	3-year smoothed market value
Inflation:	2.75%
Total payroll growth:	3.00% per year
Salary Increases:	4.50% to 7.50%
Expected Rate of Return:	7.00%
Discount Rate:	7.00%
Retirement age:	40% are assumed to retire upon first eligibility for unreduced retirement. Thereafter, the probabilities of retirement are 15% until age 65, 20% from 65-

69, and 100% at age 70.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(5) Employees' Retirement Plan, Continued

Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

A. General Information About the Pension Plan, Continued:

Mortality:

RP-2000 healthy mortality table set forward by 4 years for males and 1 year for females. Mortality for disabled lives is the RP 2000 disability mortality table with no set forwards.

Other information: Actuarial assumptions are based upon periodic experience studies. The last experience study reviewed experience from 2007-2011, and was first reflected in the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2012.

Discount Rate: The total pension liability is calculated using a discount rate of 7.0% that is a blend of the expected investment rate of return and a high quality bond index rate. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The expected investment rate of return applies for as long as the plan assets (including future contributions) are projected to be sufficient to make the projected benefit payments. If plan assets are projected to be depleted at some point in the future, the rate of return of a high quality bond index is used for the period after the depletion date.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis: The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7%) in measuring the 2014 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	<u>6.0%</u>	<u>7.0%</u>	<u>8.0%</u>
Net Pension Liability	\$ <u>464,337,739</u>	\$ <u>362,292,904</u>	\$ <u>285,235,628</u>

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Pension Liability: At September 30, 2015, GDOE reported a liability of \$362,292,904 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. GDOE's proportion of the net pension liability was based on projection of GDOE's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of GovGuam and GovGuam's component units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2015, GDOE's proportion was 29.063%.

Pension Expense: For the year ended September 30, 2015, GDOE recognized pension expense of \$10,327,508.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(5) Employee Retirement Plans, Continued

Defined Benefit Plan, Continued

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources: At September 30, 2015, GDOE reported total deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	<u>F</u>	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	2,687,850	\$ - 27,574,595
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4	40,161,339	-
Changes in proportion and difference between GDOE contributions and proportionate share of contributions	_	<u> </u>	7,164,722
	\$ 4	42,849,189	\$ <u>34,739,317</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2015 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended <u>September 30</u>	
2016	\$ (5,996,980)
2017	\$ (8,684,829)
2018	\$ (8,684,829)
2019	\$ (8,684,829)

Defined Contribution Plan

Contributions into the DCRS by members are based on an automatic deduction of 5% of the member's regular base pay. Contributions are periodically deposited into individual accounts within the DCRS. Employees are afforded the opportunity to select from different investment options available under the DCRS.

Statutory employer contributions into the DCRS for the year ended September 30, 2015 are determined using the same rates as the DB plan. Of the amount contributed by the employer, only 5% of the member's regular base pay is deposited into the member's individual account. The remaining amount is contributed towards the unfunded liability of the defined benefit plan.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(5) Employee Retirement Plans, Continued

Defined Contribution Plan, Continued

Members of the DCRS who have completed five years of government service, have a vested balance of 100% of both member and employer contributions plus any earnings thereon.

GDOE's contributions to the DCRS plan for the years ended September 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$34,250,423, \$32,030,284 and \$29,595,708, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for the respective years then ended. Of these amounts \$27,331,911, \$25,589,585 and \$23,569,540 were contributed toward the unfunded liability of the DB Plan for the years ended September 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

GovGuam through its substantive commitment to provide other post-employment benefits (OPEB), maintains a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan to provide certain postretirement healthcare benefits to retirees who are members of the GovGuam Retirement Fund. Under the Plan, known as the GovGuam Group Health Insurance Program, GovGuam provides medical, dental, and life insurance coverage. The retiree medical and dental plans are fully-insured products provided through insurance companies. GovGuam shares in the cost of these plans, with GovGuam's contribution amount set each year at renewal. Current statutes prohibit active and retired employees from contributing different amounts for the same coverage. As such, GovGuam contributes substantially more to the cost of retiree healthcare than to active healthcare. For the life insurance plan, GovGuam provides retirees with \$10,000 of life insurance coverage through an insurance company. Retirees do not share in the cost of this coverage.

Because the Plan consists solely of GovGuam's firm commitment to provide OPEB through the payment of premiums to insurance companies on behalf of its eligible retirees, no stand-alone financial report is either available or generated.

During the years ended September 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, GDOE recognized certain onbehalf payments as appropriations from GovGuam, totaling \$11,182,542, \$8,267,264 and \$8,077,260, respectively, representing certain healthcare benefits that GovGuam's general fund paid directly on behalf of GDOE retirees.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(6) <u>Appropriations</u>

During the year ended September 30, 2015, appropriations provided to GDOE by the Guam Legislature were as follows:

General Fund:

Public Law 32-181, 32-219 and 33-29: GovGuam General Fund:	
Operations	\$ 192,876,551
Retiree healthcare benefits	11,182,542
Guahan Academy Charter School	3,335,910
iLearn Academy Charter School	1,459,638
Textbooks	1,500,000
Competitive Wage Act	1,000,000
Kuentan Salappe Prinsepat	1,081,000
Chamorro Studies Division	401,207
Lease Agreements:	2 000 000
Okkodo Expansion	2,900,000
JFK High School lease Territorial Education Facilities Fund:	5,131,013
Operations	17,174,695
JFK High School lease (Additional rent)	2,054,948
Healthy Futures Fund	891,754
Public Library System Fund	839,429
Public Law 30-37 and 32-81:	
GovGuam General Fund:	
Tiyan Lease	7,639,201
	, , -
Public Law 29-19:	000 077
Bond Proceeds	692,277
Federal Grants Assistance Fund:	
Public Law 28-47	
Municipal School Lease Agreement	7,100,000
	\$ <u>257,260,165</u>

In addition, Public Law 32-181 appropriates \$11,164,309 of all monies collected by GDOE from Federal funds paid to GDOE for reimbursement under the National School Lunch Program and Breakfast Program and the State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition Program to GDOE for non-personnel operating expenses. The total of such reimbursements from the U.S. Department of Agriculture during the year ended September 30, 2015 is \$11,790,474, which is accounted for within GDOE's Federal Grants Assistance Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(7) <u>Municipal School Lease Agreements</u>

A. Guam Public School Facilities Project

On October 19, 2006, GovGuam issued, on behalf of the GDOE (formerly the Guam Public School System), \$50,880,000 in 2006 Series A Certificates of Participation (COPS) and \$14,015,000 in 2006 Series B COPS to finance the design, construction, insurance and maintenance of four new schools (the "Leased Schools") on Guam. The proceeds of the COPS were remitted to a trustee, who then remitted the amounts to a developer as construction progressed.

On November 12, 2008, GovGuam issued, on behalf of GDOE, \$7,520,000 in 2008 Series A COPS to finance the off-site infrastructure improvements, equipment and athletic field lighting (the "Leased Facilities") for the use of the Leased Schools.

The holders of the COPS are the current owners of the Leased Schools. Accordingly, GovGuam's rental payments for the use of the Leased Schools and Facilities are paid to a trustee, who then remits those amounts to the holders of the COPS, with annual rental payments to be funded by a pledge of U.S. Compact Impact grant revenues through December 1, 2022 with the remaining payments subject to future appropriations by the Guam Legislature. Payments commenced on December 1, 2006 in the amount of \$6,100,000 and continue through December 1, 2025 (with incremental increases on December 1, 2008 through December 1, 2018), with varying interest rates at 4.5% - 5.875% per annum. Title to the Leased Schools and Facilities will transfer to GDOE upon the payment of all required rents.

Commencing in 2010, \$7,100,000 of Compact Impact grant revenues will be received annually for a ten year period. Of this amount, \$1,000,000 will be allocated for rental, principal and interest, to fund additional equipment requirements, as defined. Subsequent to that ten year period, the annual grant returns to \$6,100,000.

B. John F. Kennedy High School Project

On September 16, 2010, GovGuam issued, on behalf of GDOE, \$65,735,000 in 2010 Series A COPS to finance the demolition, acquisition, construction, renovation and installation of facilities comprising the new John F. Kennedy (JFK) High School (the "new High School"). The proceeds of the COPS were remitted to a trustee, who then remitted the amounts to a developer as construction progressed.

The holders of the COPS are the owners of the new High School. Accordingly, GDOE's rental payments for the use of the new High School are paid to a trustee, who then remits those payments to the holders of the COPS, with annual rental payments subject to appropriations by the Guam Legislature. Payments commenced on December 1, 2010, for base and additional rentals and continue through December 1, 2040 (with incremental increases subsequent to the first payment), with varying interest rates of 5.5% - 6.875% per annum. Title to the new High School will transfer to GDOE upon the payment of all required rents.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(7) <u>Municipal School Lease Agreements, Continued</u>

C. Okkodo High School Expansion Project

On June 3, 2011, the Guam Legislature enacted Public Law 31-74 authorizing the expansion of Okkodo (also referred as Ukudo) High School as authorized under Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 and the issuance of tax exempt bonds of lease certificates.

On March 15, 2013, GovGuam issued, on behalf of GDOE, \$21,818,0000 in 2013 Series A COPS and \$1,000,000 in 2013 Series B COPS to finance the expansion. The holders of the COPS are the current owners of Okkodo High School as noted on Note 7A.

Expansion was funded by appropriations from the Guam Legislature from available Section 30 revenues, tax credits, 2013 Series A Construction Account, 2013 Series B Construction Account, the Holding Fund and the Trust Fund established pursuant to the Trust Agreement. The expansion project was completed on July 10, 2014.

Payments include base rental and additional rental. On June 1, 2014 and on June 1 and December 1 of each year through September 2030, payments of principal and interest at true rate of 2.44% (calculated on a 360 day year and 30 day month) will commence. Additional rental payment of \$1,217,336 commenced on October 15, 2013. On October 15, 2014, and on October 15 of each year thereafter through September 2030, additional rental will increase to \$1,867,336.

D. <u>Tiyan Lease</u>

On June 23, 2009, the Guam Legislature enacted Public Law 30-37, authorizing GovGuam on behalf of GDOE to enter into a lease agreement with an option to purchase for certain property located in Tiyan to temporarily house the JFK High School. The facility was vacated by JFK High School in September 2011 and subsequently occupied by Untalan Middle School in January 2013. The lease, which is renewable annually, had a fixed annual rent of \$4,493,256 for the first five years payable in cash or by transferable tax credits. Rent commenced in August 2009 with a term through June 30, 2024. Other tenants include the Guahan Charter School Academy and the Guam Police Department which represent a small portion of the total Tiyan property under lease.

On December 30, 2011, GovGuam entered into an amendment extending the initial term to October 31, 2024 with a four-month rent abatement from October 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012 due to non-occupancy of the property.

On December 30, 2013, GovGuam on behalf of GDOE exercised the option to purchase the leased Tiyan property. In addition to the purchase price of \$43,500,000 that comprises the Tiyan High School premises, the Guam Legislature enacted Public Law 31-229, authorizing GovGuam on behalf of GDOE to purchase additional property and the construction of new buildings and facilities for the Tiyan High School and the GDOE administration in the amount of \$43,648,970. Title to the Tiyan properties under the lease will transfer to GDOE upon the payment of all required rents. Tiyan 3 lot is owned by the Guam International Airport Authority under lease with the lessor and will be up for renewal in December 2041.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(7) Municipal School Lease Agreements, Continued

D. Tiyan Lease, Continued

On October 2014, the Tiyan Lease Purchase Agreement was amended to extend the lease term thru December 31, 2041 plus \$7,499,090 of collateral equipment for the buildings to be constructed. Repayment in the form of tax credits will only apply for lease amounts due thru January 2015 to include the aforementioned collateral equipment. Effective February 2015, rent and additional rent (insurance and maintenance) due will be paid in the form of cash.

Annual rents due for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 are \$6,411,410 and \$8,742,240, respectively. Annual rent includes principal, interest at 10% of outstanding principal balance, insurance and maintenance costs.

Future annual rental payments for the calendar year ended December 31 are as follows:

Year Ending <u>December 31,</u>	
2016	\$ 7,272,935
2017	10,113,927
2018	10,113,927
2019	10,113,927
2020	10,113,927
2021 - 2025	50,569,635
2026 - 2030	50,569,635
2031 - 2035	50,569,635
2036 - 2038	37,746,815
2039 - 2041	<u>13,087,018</u>
	\$ <u>250,271,381</u>

As of September 30, 2015, \$55,206,200 of the Tiyan properties purchased were occupied. The remaining \$31,942,770 of properties have not been recorded as of September 30, 2015 and will be accordingly accounted for when construction is complete.

New Office	\$ 24,587,809
Gymnasium	4,947,008
Warehouse II	1,360,427
Warehouse / Mezzanine	535,926
Office and Warehouse II	<u> </u>
	\$ 31.942.770

Assets acquired through the aforementioned capital leases are as follows:

Asset:	
Buildings	\$ 232,289,066
Less accumulated depreciation	(25,082,324)
	\$ <u>207,206,742</u>

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(7) <u>Municipal School Lease Agreements, Continued</u>

D. Tiyan Lease, Continued

These buildings are summarized as follows:

JFK High School	\$	65,735,000
Tiyan High School		43,500,000
Okkodo High School		42,581,348
Okkodo High School Expansion		22,818,000
Astumbo Middle School		18,383,500
Adacao Elementary School		14,482,938
Liguan Elementary School		13,082,080
Tiyan 3 (lot)		8,000,000
Tiyan Office		2,900,000
Tiyan Warehouse	-	806,200
	\$ 2	<u>232,289,066</u>

Future minimum lease obligations to maturity for lease agreements are as follows:

20177,235,62611,645,3164,611,08923,492,03120187,634,53311,243,9724,613,12723,491,63220197,047,87010,760,6764,629,06022,437,60620207,453,12110,324,7434,656,76722,434,6312021 - 202543,729,52242,854,05223,496,852110,080,4262026 - 203036,026,51031,863,95024,116,84092,007,3002031 - 203528,642,70321,423,19015,473,73665,539,629	Year ending <u>September 30.</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Additional <u>Rental</u>		<u>Total</u>
\$ 183,252,950 \$ 162,391,759 \$ 99,320,507 \$ 444,965,216	2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 – 2025 2026 – 2030	7,235,626 7,634,533 7,047,870 7,453,121 43,729,522 36,026,510 28,642,703 38,559,795	11,645,316 11,243,972 10,760,676 10,324,743 42,854,052 31,863,950 21,423,190 10,315,189	4,611,089 4,613,127 4,629,060 4,656,767 23,496,852 24,116,840 15,473,736 13,113,547	·	23,492,031 23,491,632 22,437,606 22,434,631 110,080,426 92,007,300 65,539,629 61,988,531

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Deficit - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual - Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Local appropriations:				
Government of Guam General Fund:				
Operations	\$ 194,183,046 \$		192,876,551 \$	
Guahan Academy Charter School	2,860,000	3,300,000	3,335,910	35,910
iLearn Academy Charter School	-	1,969,000	1,459,638	(509,362)
Textbooks	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	-
Chamorro Studies Division	401,207	401,207	401,207	-
Tiyan Lease	2,500,861	2,500,861	7,639,201	5,138,340
JFK High School Lease	5,131,013	5,131,013	5,131,013	-
Okkodo High School Expansion Lease	-	-	2,900,000	2,900,000
Kuentan Salappe Prinsepat	1,081,000	1,081,000	1,081,000	-
Competitive Wage Act	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
Territorial Educational Facilities Fund:	47.007.000	10 010 101	47 474 005	(0.444.700)
Operations	17,967,302	19,616,424	17,174,695	(2,441,729)
JFK High School Lease (Additional rental)	1,568,000	1,568,000	2,054,948	486,948
Early Education Childhood Program Healthy Futures Fund:	-	982,593	-	(982,593)
Interscholastic sports	612,000	612,000	612,000	
Health and Physical Education Activities	279,754	279,754	279,754	-
Public Library System Fund	839,429	839,429	839,429	_
Government of Guam 2008 bond proceeds	000,420	- 000,420	692,277	692,277
Fees and other program receipts	-	-	737,812	737,812
Federal grants and contributions	-	_	554,293	554,293
Cafeteria sales	-	-	231,703	231,703
	228 022 612	222 555 227		
Total revenues	228,923,612	232,555,327	240,501,431	7,946,104
Expenditures - Budgetary Basis:				
Elementary Education	72,103,424	74,054,179	76,534,847	(2,480,668)
Secondary Education	85,492,132	86,263,998	88,823,408	(2,559,410)
Direct Student Support	19,549,749	19,516,994	14,651,292	4,865,702
General Administration	49,959,913	49,621,542	40,610,106	9,011,436
Guahan Academy Charter School	-	-	3,335,910	(3,335,910)
iLearn Academy Charter School	-	-	1,459,638	(1,459,638)
Debt service:			0 000 000	-
Okkodo Expansion Lease	-	-	2,900,000	(2,900,000)
Tiyan Lease	-	5,617,968	7,639,201	(2,021,233)
JFK High School Lease		2,054,958	7,185,961	(5,131,003)
Total expenditures	227,105,218	237,129,639	243,140,363	(6,010,724)
Net change in deficit	1,818,394	(4,574,312)	(2,638,932)	13,956,828
Other changes in deficit:				
-				
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered				
but not received are reported in the year the order				
is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year	4 000 077	4 000 077	0.074.000	(4.045.507)
the items are received for financial reporting purposes	4,886,677	4,886,677	2,971,090	(1,915,587)
Deficit at beginning of year	(14,211,928)	(14,211,928)	(14,211,928)	
Deficit at end of year	\$(7,506,857)	§ <u>(13,899,563)</u> \$	(13,879,770) \$	12,041,241

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Reporting September 30, 2015

(1) Budgetary Process

The Budget Act for fiscal year 2015, Public Law No. 32-181, was approved for the Executive branch and the Legislative branch. Budgets for Special Revenue Funds are generally not submitted. Accordingly, a budget to actual presentation for Special Revenue Funds is not required or presented. Project length financial plans are adopted for capital projects funds.

GovGuam's annual budget has been prepared on a basis that differs from governmental GAAP. Actual amounts in the accompanying budgetary comparison statements are presented on a budgetary basis, which includes outstanding encumbrances as a budgetary expenditure.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. For budgetary purposes, the encumbrances (i.e., purchase orders, contracts) are considered expenditures when incurred. For GAAP reporting purposes, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent fiscal year.

Schedule of Funding Progress - Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pension (Unaudited)

The Schedule of Funding Progress presents GASB 45 results of OPEB valuations as of fiscal years ended September 30, 2011, 2009, and 2007 for GovGuam's Post Employment Benefits other than Pensions. The schedule provides an information trend about whether the actuarial values of Plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va	ctuarial alue of ssets	L	Actuarial Accrued iability (AAL)	/	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	 Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
October 1, 2007	\$	-	\$	255,131,000	\$	255,131,000	0.0%	\$ 141,047,226	180.9%
October 1, 2009	\$	-	\$	339,294,000	*\$	339,294,000 *	0.0%	\$ 142,504,403	238.1%
October 1, 2011	\$	-	\$	382,476,000	\$	382,476,000	0.0%	\$ 148,090,145	258.3%

* No formal valuation was performed. The liabilities as of October 1, 2009 represent discounted October 1, 2011 liabilities.

Required Supplemental Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015		 2014
Total net pension liability	\$	1,246,306,754	\$ 1,303,304,636
GDOE's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	362,292,904	\$ 400,356,244
GDOE's proportion of the net pension liability		29.07%	30.72%
GDOE's covered-employee payroll**	\$	42,979,658	\$ 46,562,315
GDOE's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of its covered employee payroll		842.94%	859.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability			

* This data is presented for those years for which information is available.

** Covered-employee payroll data from the actuarial valuation date with one-year lag.

Required Supplemental Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Pension Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2015	 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 39,208,696	\$ 38,003,918
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 39,572,248	 37,768,425
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (363,552)	\$ 235,493
GDOE's covered-employee payroll **	\$ 42,979,658	\$ 46,562,315
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	92.07%	81.11%

* This data is presented for those years for which information is available.

** Covered-employee payroll data from the actuarial valuation date with one-year lag.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Statements of Net Position - Governmental Activities September 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals as of September 30, 2014)

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	2015		2014
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables from federal agencies Due from primary government Prepayments and other assets Restricted assets:	\$	3,231,702 5,967,495 7,586,515 981,805	\$	997,296 9,983,952 465,830 794,355
Cash and cash equivalents		192,676		2,163,113
Investments		100,455		2,097,617
Total current assets	_	18,060,648		16,502,163
Noncurrent assets: Deferred maintenance and insurance costs Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,375,000 357,849,505		1,500,000 369,962,973
Total noncurrent assets		359,224,505	-	371,462,973
Total assets	_	377,285,153	_	387,965,136
Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred outflows from pension	\$	42,849,189 420,134,342	\$	39,572,248 427,537,384
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Other liabilities and accruals Payable to federal agencies Current portion of obligation under capital lease Current portion of compensated absences payable	\$	14,520,021 6,866,675 4,340,625 5,645,597 6,923,270 387,149	\$	9,690,041 5,808,576 7,936,194 6,664,341 6,530,850 379,763
Total current liabilities	_	38,683,337		37,009,765
Noncurrent liabilities: Net pension liability Compensated absences payable, net of current portion Accrued sick leave liability Obligation under capital lease, net of current portion Total noncurrent liabilities	_	362,292,904 4,452,215 10,239,014 176,329,680 553,313,813		400,356,244 4,367,267 9,339,545 183,252,951 597,316,007
		· · ·		
Total liabilities		591,997,150	-	634,325,772
Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows from pension	_	34,739,317 626,736,467		23,929,592 658,255,364
Commitments and contingencies <u>NET POSITION</u>	_			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: CIP, technology and equipment projects Maintenance and insurance costs		174,596,555 293,131 1,375,000		180,179,172 4,260,730 1,500,000
Unrestricted		(382,866,811)		(416,657,882)
Total net position		(206,602,125)		(230,717,980)
	\$	420,134,342	\$	427,537,384
See Accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.				

Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities Year Ended September 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2014)

	_	2015		2014
Program Revenues: Elementary Education Secondary Education Direct Student Support General Administration	\$	115,111 103,117 56,418,754 2,688,287	\$	188,077 272,248 53,689,149 1,712,614
Total program revenues	_	59,325,269		55,862,088
Expenses: Elementary Education Secondary Education Direct Student Support General Administration Retiree healthcare benefits Tiyan Operating Lease Charter Schools Total expenses for governmental activities	-	69,861,118 100,428,861 62,609,907 43,591,603 11,182,542 - 4,795,548 292,469,579		73,667,530 102,572,953 64,910,182 53,047,568 8,267,264 3,744,380 2,832,500 309,042,377
Deficiency of program revenues under expenses	-	(233,144,310)		(253,180,289)
General revenues: Appropriations: Operations Retiree healthcare benefits Tiyan Operating Lease Textbooks	-	239,782,075 11,182,542 - 1,500,000		223,432,844 8,267,264 3,744,380 1,500,000
Guahan Academy Charter School iLearn Academy Charter School		3,335,910 1,459,638		2,832,500
Total general revenues	-	257,260,165		239,776,988
Change in net position	-	24,115,855		(13,403,301)
Net position at beginning of year	-	(230,717,980)		(217,314,679)
Net position at end of year	\$_	(206,602,125)	\$_	(230,717,980)

Balance Sheets Governmental Funds September 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals as of September 30, 2014)

		2015				2014	
		Federal				Federal	
		Grants				Grants	
ASSETS	General	Assistance	Total		General	Assistance	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,424,412	\$ 1,807,290 \$	3,231,702	\$	- 9	1,929,558	\$ 1,929,558
Receivables from federal agencies	-	5,967,495	5,967,495		-	9,983,952	9,983,952
Due from primary government	7,586,515	-	7,586,515		465,830	-	465,830
Prepayments and other assets	412,716	1,589	414,305		166,012	13,404	179,416
Due from other funds	-	3,772,436	3,772,436		-	771,967	771,967
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	192,676	-	192,676		2,163,113	-	2,163,113
Investment	100,455		100,455	_	2,097,617		2,097,617
Total assets	\$ <u>9,716,774</u>	\$ <u>11,548,810</u> \$	21,265,584	\$	4,892,572 \$	12,698,881	\$ 17,591,453
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Liabilities: Overdraft Accounts payable Accrued payroll Other liabilities and accruals Payable to federal agencies Due to other funds	\$ - 12,071,240 5,820,460 1,932,408 - 3,772,436	\$ - \$ 2,448,781 1,046,215 2,408,217 5,645,597	14,520,021 6,866,675 4,340,625 5,645,597 3,772,436	\$	932,262 \$ 8,020,682 4,844,573 4,535,016 - 771,967	1,669,359 964,003 3,401,178 6,664,341	\$ 932,262 9,690,041 5,808,576 7,936,194 6,664,341 771,967
Total liabilities	23,596,544	11,548,810	35,145,354		19,104,500	12,698,881	31,803,381
Fund balances (deficit): Restricted	293,131	-	293,131		4,260,730	-	4,260,730
Unassigned	(14,172,901)	-	(14,172,901)		(18,472,658)	-	(18,472,658)
Total fund balances (deficit)	(13,879,770)		(13,879,770)	_	(14,211,928)		(14,211,928)
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficit)	\$9,716,774	\$ <u>11,548,810</u> \$	21,265,584	\$	4,892,572 \$	12,698,881	\$

Reconciliations of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals as of September 30, 2014)

	2015	2014
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ (13,879,770)	\$ (14,211,928)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net position are different because:		
Prepayment of capital lease obligations in activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	567,500	614,939
Maintenance costs associated with capital lease obligations in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	1,375,000	1,500,000
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These assets consist of:	1,010,000	1,000,000
Buildings and improvements Vehicles, furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 480,782,198 13,027,786 (135,960,479)	480,782,198 13,863,339 (124,682,564)
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	357,849,505	369,962,973
Deferred outflows related to pensions benefit future peri and are not reported in the governmental funds.	ods 42,849,189	39,572,248
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These liabilities include:		
Net pension liability Accrued sick leave liability Compensated absences payable Obligations under capital lease	(362,292,904) (10,239,014) (4,839,364) (183,252,950)	(400,356,244) (9,339,545) (4,747,030) (189,783,801)
Long-term liabilities	(560,624,232)	(604,226,620)
Deferred inflows related to pensions benefit future perio and are not reported in the governmental funds.	ds (34,739,317)_	(23,929,592)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ <u>(206,602,125)</u>	\$ <u>(230,717,980)</u>

Statements of Revenues, Expenditure and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2014)

		2015 Federal			2014 Federal	
		Grants			Grants	
	General	Assistance	Total	General	Assistance	Total
Revenues:						
Appropriations \$	250,160,165	\$ 7,100,000 \$	\$ 257,260,165	\$ 232,676,988	\$ 7,100,000 \$	239,776,988
Federal grants and contributions	554,293	57,498,496	58,052,789	556,232	54,073,530	54,629,762
Cafeteria sales	231,703	-	231,703	396,398	-	396,398
Fees and other program receipts	737,812	302,965	1,040,777	500,641	335,287	835,928
Total revenues	251,683,973	64,901,461	316,585,434	234,130,259	61,508,817	295,639,076
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Elementary Education	76,245,543	115,111	76,360,654	73,968,851	188,077	74,156,928
Secondary Education	88,362,065	103,117	88,465,182	87,313,358	272,248	87,585,606
Direct Student Support	13,648,926	54,894,946	68,543,872	13,789,627	53,691,305	67,480,932
General Administration	39,392,029	2,688,287	42,080,316	57,897,907	257,187	58,155,094
Retiree healthcare benefits	11,182,542	-	11,182,542	8,267,264	-	8,267,264
Guahan Academy Charter School	3,335,910	-	3,335,910	2,832,500	-	2,832,500
iLearn Academy Charter School	1,459,638	-	1,459,638	-	-	-
Tiyan Operating Lease	-	-	-	3,744,380	-	3,744,380
Debt service:						
Lease payment	17,725,162	7,100,000	24,825,162	12,232,098	7,100,000	19,332,098
Capital projects:						
Capital lease acquisition				78,024,200		78,024,200
Total expenditures	251,351,815	64,901,461	316,253,276	338,070,185	61,508,817	399,579,002
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	332,158		332,158	(103,939,926)	-	(103,939,926)
Other financing sources:						
Capital lease				78,024,200		78,024,200
Net change in fund balances (deficit)	332,158	-	332,158	(25,915,726)	-	(25,915,726)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	(14,211,928)		(14,211,928)	11,703,798		11,703,798
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year \$	(13,879,770)	\$ <u> </u>	§ <u>(13,879,770)</u>	\$(14,211,928)	\$ <u></u> \$	(14,211,928)

Reconciliations of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) to the Statement of Activities September 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals as of September 30, 2014)

	 2015	2014
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 332,158 \$	(25,915,726)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation (or depreciation exceeded		
capital outlays).	(12,113,468)	75,275,936
Prepayment of capital lease obligations in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(172,439)	(256,728)
The issuance of long-term debt (eg. leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.		
	6,530,851	(72,823,801)
Some expenses reported in the statements of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
	 29,538,753	10,317,018
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 24,115,855 \$	(13,403,301)

Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenditures By Account and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2014)

		2015				2014	
		Federal		_		Federal	
	Conorol	Grants	Total		Conorol	Grants	Total
Deveryon	General	Assistance	Total		General	Assistance	TOLAI
Revenues: Local appropriations \$	250 460 465 \$	7 100 000 \$	257 260 465	\$	222 676 088 0	7 100 000 €	220 776 000
• • • • • • • • • • •	250,160,165 \$	7,100,000 \$	257,260,165	Φ	232,676,988 \$, , ,	239,776,988
Federal grants and contributions Cafeteria sales	554,293 231,703	57,498,496	58,052,789 231,703		556,232 396,398	54,073,530	54,629,762 396,398
Fees and other program receipts	737,812	- 302,965	1,040,777		500,641	- 335,287	835,928
Total revenues	251,683,973	64,901,461	316,585,434	_	234,130,259	61,508,817	295,639,076
	231,063,973	04,901,401	310,363,434	-	234,130,239	01,508,817	295,039,070
Expenditures:	404 054 044	04.040.400	450 507 007		404 040 507	04 405 000	455 475 400
Salaries and wages	131,651,314	24,916,493	156,567,807		131,049,527	24,425,606	155,475,133
Benefits	48,668,658	9,752,984	58,421,642		45,150,549	8,537,115	53,687,664
Contractual	12,906,493	5,818,169	18,724,662		14,193,172	6,071,209	20,264,381
Capital lease	17,725,162	7,100,000	24,825,162		12,232,098	7,100,000	19,332,098
Food management contract	4,338,028	11,261,867	15,599,895		3,866,776	8,977,122	12,843,898
Power	12,386,102	-	12,386,102		14,272,247	-	14,272,247
Retiree healthcare benefits	11,182,542	-	11,182,542		8,267,264	-	8,267,264
Capital outlay	1,155,133	108,235	1,263,368		18,622,292	265,555	18,887,847
Equipment	922,478	2,581,393	3,503,871		901,856	2,758,683	3,660,539
Guahan Academy Charter School	3,335,910	-	3,335,910		2,832,500	-	2,832,500
Water	2,807,902	-	2,807,902		2,342,728	-	2,342,728
Supplies	1,012,054	1,245,485	2,257,539		1,575,899	2,484,760	4,060,659
iLearn Academy Charter School	1,459,638	-	1,459,638		-	-	-
Travel	566,135	689,037	1,255,172		500,562	705,816	1,206,378
Textbooks	163,242	695,047	858,289		186,718	-	186,718
Indirect costs	-	732,733	732,733		-	182,897	182,897
Phone	385,560	-	385,560		322,788	-	322,788
Interest and penalties Fuel	247,042	-	247,042		63,073	-	63,073
	186,458	-	186,458		266,503	-	266,503
Library books and equipment Capital lease acquisition	138,303	-	138,303		121,587 78,024,200	-	121,587 78,024,200
Tiyan Operating Lease	-	-	-		3,744,380	-	, ,
Recovery of liabilities (Bad debts)	-	-	-		(712,046)	-	3,744,380 (712,046)
Miscellaneous	- 113,661	- 18	- 113,679		245,512	- 54	245,566
Total expenditures	251,351,815	64,901,461	316,253,276		338,070,185	61,508,817	399,579,002
Evenes (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	000 170		000 150		(100 000 000)		(400.000.000)
expenditures	332,158		332,158		(103,939,926)	<u> </u>	(103,939,926)
Other financing sources:							
Capital lease			-	_	78,024,200		78,024,200
Net change in fund balances (deficit)	332,158	-	332,158		(25,915,726)	-	(25,915,726)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	(14,211,928)		(14,211,928)	_	11,703,798	<u> </u>	11,703,798
Fund balances (deficit), end of year \$	(13,879,770) \$	- \$	(13,879,770)	\$	(14,211,928) \$	\$	(14,211,928)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2014)

	2015			2014				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual - Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual - Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Duuget	Budgot	Daolo	(Nogalive)	Dudget	Dudget	Dabio	(Hogaire)
Local appropriations:								
Government of Guam General Fund:								
Operations		\$ 191,774,046 \$			\$ 176,872,922			\$ (250,000)
Tiyan Lease	2,500,861	2,500,861	7,639,201	5,138,340	-	7,072,071	7,072,071	-
JFK High School Lease (Additional rental)	5,131,013	5,131,013	5,131,013	-	1,568,000	1,568,000	1,568,000	-
Okkodo High School Expansion	-	3,300,000	2,900,000	2,900,000	-	1,600,000	1,600,000	-
Guahan Academy Charter School iLearn Acadamy Charter School	2,860,000	3,300,000 1,969,000	3,335,910 1,459,638	35,910 (509,362)	-	2,832,500	2,832,500	-
Textbooks	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	(309,302)	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	
Kuentan Salappe Prinsepat	1,081,000	1,081,000	1,081,000	-	1,081,000	1,081,000	1,081,000	-
Competitive Wage Act	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	2,606,954	2,606,954	2,606,954	-
Chamorro studies division	401,207	401,207	401,207	-	401,207	401,207	401,207	-
Tiyan Operating Lease	-	-	-	-	-	2,246,628	2,246,628	-
GW High School track renovation	-	-	-	-	350,000	350,000	350,000	-
Secure our schools-Maintenance	-	-	-	-	800,000	800,000	-	(800,000)
Medical, dental and life insurance	-	-	-	-	6,304,410	6,304,410	6,304,410	-
Merit bonus and increments	-	-	-	-	1,160,296	1,160,296	1,160,296	-
Territorial Education Facilities Fund:	17 007 000			(0.444 700)	10 000 100	40.000.400	40.000.000	(= 000 000)
Operations JFK High School Lease	17,967,302 1,568,000	19,616,424 1,568,000	17,174,695 2,054,948	(2,441,729) 486,948	18,333,190 5,131,013	18,333,190 5,131,013	13,330,282 5,621,503	(5,002,908)
Early Education Childhood Program	1,300,000	982,593	2,034,940	(982,593)	5,151,015	5,151,015	5,021,505	490,490
SSHS Renovation/Construction	-	-	-	(302,333)	3,105,129	1,707,652	-	(1,707,652)
Okkodo High School Expansion	-	-	-	-	1,707,652	-	-	-
School renovations and construction	-	-	-	-	-	3,218,502	-	(3,218,502)
Healthy Futures Fund:								
Interscholastic Sports	612,000	612,000	612,000	-	612,000	612,000	468,000	(144,000)
Health and Physical Education Activities	279,754	279,754	279,754	-	279,754	279,754	251,779	(27,975)
Public Library System Fund	839,429	839,429	839,429	-	796,323	796,323	796,323	-
Limited Gaming Fund	-	-	-	-	-	236,344	236,344	-
Government of Guam 2008 bond proceeds	-	-	692,277	692,277	-	-	1,192,005	1,192,005
Fees and other program receipts	-	-	737,812	737,812	-	409,901	500,641	90,740
Federal grants and contributions Cafeteria sales	-	-	554,293 231,703	554,293 231,703	-	543,779 398,552	556,232 396,398	12,453 (2,154)
Total revenues	228,923,612	232,555,327	240,501,431	7,946,104	222,609,850	235,230,498	225,862,995	(9,367,503)
Expenditures - Budgetary Basis:								
Personnel	174,178,433	179,696,393	180,319,972	(623,579)	157,386,305	169,326,303	176,200,076	(6,873,773)
Contractual	17,333,815	24,577,661	18,443,223	6,134,438	18,271,951	27,792,424	18,059,947	9,732,477
Utilities	16,063,245	15,707,669	15,621,609	86,060	11,292,703	16,335,149	16,792,687	(457,538)
Tiyan Lease	-	5,617,968	7,639,201	(2,021,233)	-	5,010,595	5,010,595	-
JFK High School Lease Supplies/equipment	- 2,380,488	2,054,958 2,065,838	7,185,961 3,219,253	(5,131,003) (1,153,415)	- 7,430,658	5,621,503 4,702,907	5,621,503 5,772,118	- (1,069,211)
Okkodo Expansion Lease	2,300,400	2,005,656	2,900,000	(2,900,000)	7,430,036	1,600,000	1,600,000	(1,009,211)
Guahan Academy Charter School	_	_	3,335,910	(3,335,910)	_	2,832,500	2,832,500	-
iLearn Academy Charter School	-	-	1,459,638	(1,459,638)	-	2,002,000	2,002,000	-
Capital projects	1,399,010	1,886,123	1,920,096	(33,973)	17,543,651	17,996,291	19,737,368	(1,741,077)
Textbooks	4,382,079	3,897,606	168,664	3,728,942	1,427,603	1,503,032	1,197,118	305,914
Tiyan Operating Lease	-	-	-	-	-	3,744,380	3,744,380	-
Other	11,368,148	1,625,423	926,836	698,587	25,951,650	2,371,537	97,106	2,274,431
Total expenditures	227,105,218	237,129,639	243,140,363	(6,010,724)	239,304,521	258,836,621	256,665,398	2,171,223
Net change in fund balance (deficit)	1,818,394	(4,574,312)	(2,638,932)	13,956,828	(16,694,671)	(23,606,123)	(30,802,403)	(7,196,280)
Other changes in fund balance (deficit): Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the items are received for financial statement purposes		4,886,677	2,971,090	(1,915,587)	25,955,447	25,955,447	4,886,677	(21,068,770)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(14,211,928)	(14,211,928)	(14,211,928)	-	11,703,798	11,703,798	11,703,798	-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (7,506,857) \$			\$ 12,041,241	\$ 20,964,574		\$ (14,211,928) \$	\$ (28,265,050)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>·</u>			<u> </u>	

Agency Fund September 30, 2015

The schedule of cash receipts and cash disbursements for the agency fund during fiscal year 2015 is as follows:

	NAF		
Cash balance at beginning of year	\$485,854		
Cash receipts:			
Elementary school activities	429,501		
Secondary school activities	1,465,411		
Total receipts	1,894,912		
Cash disbursements:			
Elementary school activities	417,174		
Secondary school activities	1,338,189		
Total disbursements	1,755,363		
Cash balance at end of year	\$ <u>625,403</u>		

The number of individual funds at the schools during fiscal year 2015 is as follows:

Elementary schools	296
Secondary schools	556

Personnel September 30, 2015 and 2014

Comparative totals for GDOE's employee count are as follows:

	Employee Count as of PPE October 3, 2015	Employee Count as of PPE October 4, 2014
100% Locally Funded 100% Federally Funded Locally/Federally Funded	2,905 877 115	2,754 812 139
Total Employee Count	<u>3,897</u>	<u>3,705</u>



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mr. Jon Fernandez Superintendent of Education Guam Department of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Guam Department of Education (GDOE) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise GDOE's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 6, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered GDOE's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of GDOE's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of GDOE's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether GDOE's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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June 6, 2016