(A GOVERNMENTAL FUND OF THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Eddie Baza Calvo Governor of Guam:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tourist Attraction Fund and of those funds related to the Government of Guam Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A (the Funds), which comprise the balance sheet as of September 30, 2015, and the related statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Funds' financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Tourist Attraction Fund and of those funds related to the Government of Guam Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A, as of September 30, 2015, and the results of their operations for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Reporting Entity

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above present only the Tourist Attraction Fund and of those funds related to the Government of Guam Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A and are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Government of Guam in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Funds' basic financial statements. The comparative financial statement information on pages 20 through 22, the schedule of expenditures by department by object on pages 23 through 25, the schedule of construction project status on page 26, and the other supplementary information on page 27 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative financial statement information, the schedule of expenditures by department by object, the schedule of construction project status, and the other supplementary information are the responsibility of the Funds' management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standard generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative financial statement information, the schedule of expenditures by department by object, the schedule of construction project status, and the other supplementary information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2016, on our consideration of the Funds' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financing reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Funds' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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March 30, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended September 30, 2015

Our discussion and analysis of the Government of Guam's ("GovGuam") Tourist Attraction Fund financial performance and those funds related to the GovGuam Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A, provides an overview of financial activities for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

1. Financial Highlights

- For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, total fund balance decreased by \$15,218,151 (or 27.2%) from an ending fund balance of \$55,948,834 in 2014 to \$40,730,683 in 2015.
- During the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, total combined expenditures for governmental fund operations were \$52,174,619 and \$40,144,689, respectively, including expenditures relating to payments to the Guam Visitor's Bureau of \$24,272,754 and \$18,089,832, respectively; debt service requirements of \$6,997,819 and \$6,999,188, respectively; and capital-related expenditures of \$12,565,807 and \$8,337,673, respectively. These expenditures were funded, in part, by Hotel Occupancy Tax revenue collections during the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 of \$36,988,454 and \$34,362,256, respectively, with the remainder funded by residual bond proceeds.
- Total combined expenditures increased by \$12,029,930 (or 30%) from 2014 to 2015 due primarily to an increase of \$6,182,922 for payments to the Guam Visitors Bureau; an increase of \$4,228,134 for capital-related expenditures associated with the construction of the Guam Museum and other tourism-related projects; an increase of \$1,934,761 for law enforcement overtime compensation; and an increase of \$1,263,869 for Mayors Council of Guam operations offset by a decrease of \$973,802 in transfers of excess revenues to the Hotel Occupancy Tax Surplus Fund and a decrease of \$496,129 in payments to the Guam Community College. Total combined revenues increased by \$2,538,014 (or 7.4%) from \$34,418,454 in 2014 to \$36,956,468 in 2015 due primarily to increases in hotel occupancy tax collections.
- During the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the Tourist Attraction Fund generated operating surpluses before transfers out to the Debt Service Fund of \$4,394,163 and \$9,573,270, respectively.

2. Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements include all of the activities of the Tourist Attraction Fund and of those funds related to the GovGuam Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A. The financial statements present a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The assets, liabilities and fund balances of these funds are reported in self-balancing funds.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as they become susceptible to accrual; generally when they are both measureable and available. Expenditures generally are recorded in the period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, with the exception of debt service expenditures, which are recorded only when payment is due.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended September 30, 2015

The notes to the financial statements include additional information needed to provide a further understanding of the basic financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other financial information to further assist the reader in understanding the financial statements.

3. Financial Statement Analysis

Balance Sheet

The balance sheet presents information on assets, liabilities and fund balance at year-end. A condensed summary of the balance sheets is shown below as of September 30, 2015 and 2014.

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Tax receivables Restricted assets	\$ 5,527,042 3,361,774 <u>38,336,497</u>	\$ 7,616,658 2,962,831 <u>49,659,541</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>47,225,313</u>	\$ <u>60,239,030</u>
Liabilities: Accounts payable and other Due to General Fund Total Liabilities	\$ 3,327,596 <u>3,167,034</u> <u>6,494,630</u>	\$ 1,759,870 _2,530,326
Fund Balances: Restricted Committed	35,289,672 <u>5,441,011</u>	47,878,047
Total Fund Balances	40,730,683	<u>55,948,834</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ <u>47,225,313</u>	\$ <u>60,239,030</u>

Total assets decreased by \$13,013,717 (or 21.6%) from \$60,239,030 in 2014 to \$47,225,313 in 2015. This decrease was primarily the result of a decrease in restricted assets of \$11,323,044 for capital-related expenditures and a decrease in cash balances of \$2,089,616. Total liabilities increased by \$2,204,434 (or 51.4%) from \$4,290,196 in 2014 to \$6,494,630 in 2015. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in accounts payable of \$1,567,726 related to construction activities and an increase in amounts payable to the General Fund of \$636,708 for expenditures paid by the General Fund on behalf of the Tourist Attraction Fund. Total fund balances decreased by \$15,218,151 (or 27.2%) during 2015 from \$55,948,834 to \$40,730,683. Of the total fund balance amounts presented at each respective fiscal year end, certain restrictions limit the availability of fund resources for future use. Specifically, fund balances are restricted by the bond indenture associated with the Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bond, 2011 Series A, wherein these funds are restricted for (i) capital projects associated with a new Guam Museum and certain other related projects that benefit Guam's tourism industry, and (ii) future debt service.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended September 30, 2015

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance show the effect of revenues and expenditures on fund balance for the year. The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balances for the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are summarized as follows.

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Revenues: Hotel occupancy tax Use of money and property Total Revenues	\$ 36,988,454 (31,986) 36,956,468	\$ 34,362,256 <u>56,198</u> <u>34,418,454</u>
Expenditures:		
Current: General government Community service Environmental protection Individual collective rights Protection of life and property Recreation Payments to autonomous agencies Transfers to HOT Surplus Fund	34,702 44,000 50,904 2,242,074 2,113,904 700,047 24,936,908 2,488,454 12,565,807	39,052 36,000 93,130 1,158,791 354,122 689,362 18,975,115 3,462,256 8,237,672
Capital projects Debt service	12,565,807 <u>6,997,819</u>	8,337,673 <u>6,999,188</u>
Total Expenditures	52,174,619	40,144,689
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ <u>(15,218,151</u>)	\$ <u>(5,726,235</u>)

Total revenues collected from hotel occupancy taxes increased by \$2,626,198 (or 7.6%) from \$34,362,256 in 2014 to \$36,988,454 in 2015. The increase was primarily due to an incremental increase in tourist arrivals coupled with an increase in hotel room rates.

Total expenditures increased by \$12,029,930 (or 30%) from \$40,144,689 in 2014 to \$52,174,619 in 2015. The increase was primarily due to an increase of \$6,182,922 for payments to the Guam Visitors Bureau; an increase of \$4,228,134 for capital-related expenditures associated with the construction of the Guam Museum and other tourism-related projects; an increase of \$1,934,761 for law enforcement overtime compensation; and an increase of \$1,263,869 for Mayors Council of Guam operations offset by a decrease of \$973,802 in transfers of excess revenues to the Hotel Occupancy Tax Surplus Fund and a decrease of \$496,129 in payments to the Guam Community College.

4. Capital Assets

Public Law 30-228 authorizes the construction of the Guam Museum and certain other projects that benefit Guam's tourism industry in the amount of \$55,609,615. Capital-related expenditures amounted to \$12,565,807 in 2015 compared with \$8,337,673 in 2014. Outstanding commitments under executed contracts aggregate \$8,640,976.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued Year Ended September 30, 2015

5. Long-Term Debt

In April 2011, GovGuam issued \$90,665,000 in Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds for the purpose of constructing the Guam Museum and other related tourism projects, refunding a previous bond, and funding capitalized interest. A payment of \$28,787,786 was made to a bond escrow agent for the purpose of refunding 1997 Series A bonds with net bond proceeds amounting to \$59,760,045. The resultant long-term debt is included as a liability in GovGuam's government-wide financial statements. See note 3 to the accompanying financial statements for additional information relating to this long-term debt.

6. Outlook, Challenges and Opportunities

The ground breaking for the Guam Museum occurred in February 2013 with expected completion to occur in the second quarter of 2016. Efforts by the Guam Visitors Bureau (GVB) to diversify were clearly apparent in 2015, with the Korean market now a strong number two market representing 28% of total arrivals to Guam. Moderate growth of around 2% is expected for 2016 with an increase in flights from the Philippines and opening of new gateway cities in Korea, which is important, since total outbound travel from Japan is expected to decline in 2016. While Guam has traditionally been a leisure destination for Japanese, GVB is working to attract higher yield segments such as the MICE (meetings, incentives, conferences, exhibitions), weddings and the silver (senior) markets.

In addition to all the efforts in our primary source markets, GVB is committed to improving the destination and has several projects planned in 2016, foremost of which is a Tumon surveillance system that will provide video to the Frankie Smith Precinct. Other major planned improvements include bus shelters, landscape improvements, lighting and sidewalk renovations and graffiti removal. In order for Guam to improve its image and attract higher yield visitors, we must improve our brand and that starts at home.

7. Contacting Government of Guam Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the Tourist Attraction Fund and related funds and to demonstrate accountability for money received and expended. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to: Division of Accounts, Attention: Kathrine B. Kakigi, Financial Manager, P.O. Box 884, Hagatna, Guam 96932. Telephone No.: (671) 475-1211, Facsimile: (671) 472-8483; Website address: www.admin.gov.gu/doa/.

Balance Sheet

September 30, 2015

	_	Tourist Attraction Fund	 Capital Projects Fund	 Debt Service Fund	 Total
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted assets:	\$	5,527,042	\$	\$ -	\$ 5,527,042
Cash and cash equivalents		-	11,474,619	4,928,359	16,402,978
Investments		-	14,577,442	7,356,077	21,933,519
Taxes receivable		3,361,774	 -	 -	 3,361,774
Total assets	\$	8,888,816	\$ 26,052,061	\$ 12,284,436	\$ 47,225,313
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 1,685,796	\$ -	\$ 1,685,796
Retention payable		-	1,284,035	-	1,284,035
Accrued payroll and other		357,765	-	-	357,765
Due to General Fund	_	3,090,040	 76,994	 -	 3,167,034
	_	3,447,805	 3,046,825	 -	 6,494,630
Commitments					
FUND BALANCES					
Fund balances: Restricted for:					
Capital projects		-	23,005,236	-	23,005,236
Debt service		-	-	12,284,436	12,284,436
Committed for:					
Tourism		5,441,011	 -	 -	 5,441,011
Total fund balances	_	5,441,011	 23,005,236	 12,284,436	 40,730,683
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,888,816	\$ 26,052,061	\$ 12,284,436	\$ 47,225,313

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended September 30, 2015

	_	Tourist Attraction Fund	 Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Revenues: Taxes Use of money and property	\$	36,988,454	\$ - \$ (33,029)	- \$ 1,043	36,988,454 (31,986)
Total revenues		36,988,454	 (33,029)	1,043	36,956,468
Expenditures: Current: General government		18,000	_	16,702	34.702
Community services		44,000		10,702	44,000
Individual collective rights		2,242,074	-	-	2,242,074
Protection of life and property		2,113,904	-	-	2,113,904
Environmental protection		50,904	-	-	50,904
Recreation		700,047	-	-	700,047
Payments to Guam Visitors Bureau		24,272,754	-	-	24,272,754
Payments to University of Guam		640,000	-	-	640,000
Payments to Guam Community College		24,154	-	-	24,154
Payments to HOT Surplus Fund		2,488,454	-	-	2,488,454
Capital projects Debt service:		-	12,565,807	-	12,565,807
Principal		-	-	1,845,000	1,845,000
Interest	_	-	 -	5,152,819	5,152,819
Total expenditures	_	32,594,291	 12,565,807	7,014,521	52,174,619
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	4,394,163	 (12,598,836)	(7,013,478)	(15,218,151)
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	_	- (7,023,939)	-	7,023,939	7,023,939 (7,023,939)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(7,023,939)	 <u> </u>	7,023,939	-
Net change in fund balances		(2,629,776)	(12,598,836)	10,461	(15,218,151)
Fund balances at the beginning of the year	_	8,070,787	 35,604,072	12,273,975	55,948,834
Fund balances at the end of the year	\$_	5,441,011	\$ 23,005,236 \$	12,284,436 \$	40,730,683

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Tourist Attraction Fund.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Government of Guam (GovGuam) Tourist Attraction Fund, created by 11 GCA 30107, was established to fund various recreational projects and visitor industry activities. Additionally, 11 GCA 30108 provides for 25 percent of all revenues collected by the Tourist Attraction Fund be appropriated to the Infrastructure Improvement Fund. Revenues are derived from an excise tax that is levied and imposed on transient occupants of a room or rooms in a hotel, lodging house, or similar facility in Guam. On April 13, 2011, Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A, were issued for the purpose of refunding the Limited Obligation Infrastructure Improvement Bonds, 1997 Series A, and funding the construction of a new Guam Museum and certain other projects that benefit Guam's tourism industry. The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the construction of capital improvement projects from bond proceeds. The Debt Service Fund is used to account for funds required by the bond indenture to redeem bond principal and to pay bond interest as such becomes due.

These funds are considered to be governmental funds and are presented as blended component units of GovGuam.

B. Fund Accounting

The accompanying financial statements present a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The assets, liabilities and fund balances of the Tourist Attraction Fund and funds related to the Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A, are reported in self-balancing funds. Transactions between funds, if any, have not been eliminated.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as they become susceptible to accrual; generally when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, revenues are considered available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include excise taxes. Miscellaneous revenues from other financing sources are recognized when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures generally are recorded in the period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, with the exception of debt service expenditures, which are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, Continued

The excise tax rate is set at eleven percent of the rental price charged or paid per occupancy per day. If the room or rooms are rented more than once within a twenty-four hour period, each time of occupancy shall be subject to the tax for such accommodations. This tax applies and is collectible when the sale is made, regardless of the time when the price is paid or delivered. It shall be paid by the consumer to the operator or owner of the hotel or rooming house facility.

D. Appropriations

Section 26 of Public Law 25-98 authorized the reprogramming and re-appropriation of appropriations from completed capital improvement projects. Specifically, all unexpended, un-obligated and unencumbered balances of the appropriations in Subsection (i) of Section 1505, Article 5, Chapter 1 of Title 5 of the Guam Code Annotated, were reprogrammed and re-appropriated.

E. <u>Budgetary Process</u>

Legislation requires the Governor to present a proposed budget to the Legislature at the beginning of each annual session. The Legislature enacts the budget through passage of specific departmental appropriations. Before signing the Appropriations Act, the Governor may veto or reduce any specific appropriation, subject to legislative override. Once passed and signed, the budget becomes the Territorial financial plan for the ensuing fiscal year. Supplemental appropriations for specific purposes are made throughout the year.

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services and are generally evidenced by outstanding purchase orders, contracts, and intradepartmental work requests. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported within the fund balance classifications since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations normally lapse at the end of each fiscal year unless they are designated by the Legislature as representing continuing appropriations. At September 30, 2015, significant encumbrances are summarized as follows:

	Tourist Attraction <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>\$</u>	<u>559,177</u>	<u>\$ 8,640,976</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 9,200,153</u>

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes short-term investments in U.S. Treasury obligations and commercial paper with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired.

G. Investments

Investments and related investment earnings are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale and are primarily determined based on quoted market values.

H. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables are due from businesses residing on the island of Guam and are uncollateralized and non-interest bearing.

I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of its operations, GovGuam's General Fund records transactions between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These balances result from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made, and are scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year. At September 30, 2015, interfund balances are as follows:

	Tourist Attraction Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Due to General Fund	\$ <u>3,090,040</u>	\$ <u>76,994</u>	\$ <u></u>	\$ <u>3,167,034</u>

J. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

The bond indenture relating to the Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A, requires amounts to be restricted for capital projects and set aside for debt service principal and interest, operations and maintenance, and a bond reserve. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued</u>

K. Fund Balance

Governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and do not lapse at year-end.

Restricted/committed amounts are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this.

A formal minimum fund balance policy has not been adopted.

L. Interfund Transactions

Operating transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that enabling legislation or budget requires to collect them to the fund that enabling legislation or budget requires to expend them, 2) use unrestricted revenues collected in one fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and 3) record reductions in interfund loans for amounts that are not expected to be repaid.

M. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Total Columns

Total columns are presented primarily to facilitate financial analysis. The Management's Discussion and Analysis includes certain prior year summarized comparative information in total. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a full comparative presentation. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Tourist Attraction Fund and funds related to the Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A, for the year ended September 30, 2014 from which summarized information was derived.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(2) <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The deposit and investment policies of GovGuam are governed by 5 GCA 21, Investments and Deposits, in conjunction with applicable bond indentures. The Director of Administration is responsible for the safekeeping of all monies paid into the Treasury of Guam. The Director of Administration invests any monies of GovGuam that are deemed not necessary for immediate use. Legally authorized investments include securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury or agencies of the United States government; demand and time deposits in or certificates of deposit of, or bankers' acceptances issued by, any eligible institution; corporate debt obligations, including commercial paper; certain money market funds; state and local government securities, including municipal bonds; and repurchase and investment agreements. With the exception of investments in U.S. government securities, which are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the United States government, all other investments must be rated Aa1/P-1 by Moody's.

A. <u>Deposits</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the entity's deposits may not be returned to it. Such deposits are not covered by depository insurance and are either uncollateralized, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or held by the pledging financial institution but not in the depositor-government's name.

As of September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents was \$21,930,020 and the corresponding bank balances were \$21,930,020, which represent short-term investments held and administered by GovGuam's trustees in accordance with various trust agreements and bond indentures. Based on negotiated trust and custody contracts, all of these investments were held in GovGuam's name by GovGuam's custodial financial institutions at September 30, 2015.

B. Investments

Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Concentration of credit risk for investments is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure by issuer and amount of investments in any one issuer that represents five percent (5%) or more of total investments.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the transaction, GovGuam will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are held and administered by trustees in accordance with various bond indentures for the purpose of funding capital projects that benefit Guam's tourism industry. Based on negotiated trust and custody contracts, all of these investments were held in GovGuam's name by GovGuam's custodial financial institutions at September 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(2) Deposits and Investments, Continued

B. Investments, Continued

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of debt instruments. GovGuam does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

As of September 30, 2015, investments recorded at fair value are classified as follows:

Investments:	Tourist	Capital	Debt
	Attraction	Projects	Service
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund Total</u>
Mutual funds	\$	\$ 14,577,442	\$ - \$ 14,577,442
Fixed income securities			<u>7,356,077</u> <u>7,356,077</u>
	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>14,577,442</u>	\$ <u>7,356,077</u> \$ <u>21,933,519</u>

As of September 30, 2015, investments in debt securities were as follows:

	S & P Credit <u>Rating</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Total
Commercial paper:			
Banque Et Caisse	AA+	10/08/2015	\$ 4,855,126
U.S. government agencies:			
Federal National Mortgage Association	AA+	10/28/2015	2,096,958
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+	10/01/2015	55,000
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+	10/30/2015	348,993
			\$ <u>7,356,077</u>

(3) Bonds Payable

On April 13, 2011, Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A, with varying interest rates of 1% - 6.625% per annum were issued in the amount of \$90,665,000 to advance refund \$28,095,000 of outstanding 1997 Series A bonds. Of the net proceeds of \$88,547,831 (after payment of \$2,117,169 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs), \$28,787,786 were placed in escrow, of which \$28,095,000 were used to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the 1997 Series A limited obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the government-wide financial statements of GovGuam. This advance refunding was undertaken to extend the maturity date of outstanding debt and to provide additional proceeds to fund the construction of a new Guam Museum and other projects for the benefit of Guam's tourism industry and resulted in an economic gain of \$97,720.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(3) Bonds Payable, Continued

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 - 2025 2026 - 2030 2031 - 2035 2036 - 2040 2041		\$5,078,625 4,988,775 4,885,775 4,774,750 4,651,988 20,987,263 16,995,069 12,440,956 5,901,351 186,062	 \$ 6,998,625 6,998,775 6,995,775 6,994,750 6,996,988 34,992,263 29,540,069 29,545,956 29,541,351 5,911,062
20 4 I	\$ <u>83,625,000</u>	\$ <u>80,890,614</u>	\$ <u>164,515,614</u>

In accordance with the bond indentures, the depositary has established trust accounts as follows:

Construction Account - amounts held in this account and the interest earnings thereon do not constitute Revenues and are not pledged to the payment of the Bonds. Amounts in the Construction Account shall be used and withdrawn solely for the payment of Infrastructure Improvement Project Costs of such Infrastructure Improvement Projects, including by (1) direct payment, or (2) payment of any debt obligations issued by GovGuam to finance Infrastructure Improvement Project Costs, or (3) repayment of any advances made from any source for such Infrastructure Improvement Project Costs, or (3) repayment of any advances made from any source for such Infrastructure Improvement Project Costs. The depositary shall disburse moneys in the Construction Account for the purposes of the preceding sentence only upon Requisition of GovGuam stating the person to whom payment is to be made, the amount to be paid, the purpose for which the obligation was incurred and that such payment is a proper and lawful charge against said fund. Upon receipt of a Certificate of GovGuam that amounts in said fund are no longer required for the purpose of said fund, said amounts shall be transferred to the Revenue Fund. The Construction Account is accounted for within the Capital Projects Fund.

At September 30, 2015, \$23,005,236 of fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund is restricted for capital projects.

All pledged revenues are to be deposited into a special account entitled the "Revenue Fund." In addition, all interest and other profit derived from investments, except those in the "Construction Account," are to be transferred monthly to the "Revenue Fund." Transactions of the "Revenue Fund" are accounted for in the Tourist Attraction Fund. On the fifth day of each month following the month the revenues are deposited, the depository is to deposit into the following funds (all accounted for within the Debt Service Fund) the specified amounts in the following order of priority:

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(3) Bonds Payable, Continued

- Bond Fund an amount equal to the sum of (1) the aggregate amount of interest to accrue on the bonds during the then current calendar month upon all bonds then outstanding, plus (2) an amount which, if paid in equal monthly installments in each month over the semiannual or annual period prior to the next principal payment date, would aggregate to the amount of the principal becoming due and payable on the outstanding serial bonds on such principal payment date, plus (3) an amount which, if paid in equal monthly installments in each month over the semiannual or annual period prior to the next principal payment date, would aggregate to the amount of the amount of mandatory sinking fund account payments required to be paid for the outstanding term bonds on such principal payment date.
- Bond Reserve Fund an amount, if any, needed to equal the least of (1) the maximum annual debt service, (2) 10% of the proceeds received from the sale of the bonds or (3) 125% of average annual debt service on the bonds or an amount as may be specified by supplemental indentures providing for the issuance of a series of bonds. The maximum annual debt service is defined as the sum of (1) the interest falling due on the then outstanding bonds, (2) the principal amount of the outstanding serial bonds falling due by their terms, and (3) the aggregate amount of all mandatory sinking fund payments required; all as computed for the bond year in which such sum shall be the largest. Amounts in the Bond Reserve Fund are to be used for the purpose of making up any deficiency in the Bond Fund.

During the year ended September 30, 2015, payments for debt service totaled \$6,997,819, of which \$1,845,000 represents payment on principal. A summary of the change in bonds payable is as follows:

Bonds payable at October 1, 2014	\$ 85,470,000
Principal repayment	<u>(1,845,000)</u>
Bonds payable at September 30, 2015	\$ <u>83,625,000</u>

These bonds are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements of GovGuam.

Tax revenues of the Tourist Attraction Fund have been pledged to repay bond principal and interest. Total debt service for the year ended September 30, 2015 amounted to \$6,997,819, which represents 19% of 2015 tax revenues collected. During the year ended September 30, 2015, total transfers from the Tourist Attraction Fund to the Debt Service Fund amounted to \$7,023,939.

At September 30, 2015, \$12,284,436 of fund balance in the Debt Service Fund is restricted for debt service purposes.

At September 30, 2015, GovGuam is of the opinion that it is in compliance with bond covenants outlined in the bond indenture.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(4) Payments to Autonomous Agencies

Public Law 32-181 authorizes the general appropriation to autonomous agencies of GovGuam for operations to be paid from the Tourist Attraction Fund. Specifically, Public Law 32-181 authorizes the funding of payments to the Guam Visitors Bureau (GVB) for operations as well as other miscellaneous appropriations to be administered by GVB. During the year ended September 30, 2015, total appropriations made to GVB from the Tourist Attraction Fund were as follows:

Operations: General Administration Marketing Sports and events Research Cultural heritage and community outreach Visitor safety and satisfaction Destination development Restricted:	$\begin{array}{c} 3,193,713\\ 13,413,225\\ 786,250\\ 414,400\\ 693,750\\ 878,750\\ \underline{1,003,624}\\ 20,383,712 \end{array}$
Folklife Festival Trust Account Cultural Sports and Ambassador Fund Establishment of a Rainy Day Fund	1,190,000 170,000 <u>220,000</u> <u>1,580,000</u>
Special projects	1,367,042
Pass-through to various non-profit organizations: Ayuda Foundation Pa'a Taotao Tano Breaking the Cycle Duk Duk Goose Historic Inalahan Foundation Hurao Academy Guam Humanities Council Guam Symphony Society Guam Unique Merchandise and Arts Tourism Education Council Traditions Affirming our Seafaring Ancestry Traditions Affirming Seafaring Islands Haya Cultural Preservation Foundation I Fanlalai'an Ina Kuttura Inetnon Gefpa'go Cultural Arts Program Manhita Chamorro Micronesian Cruise Association Micronesian Chefs Association Guam International Film Festival Pacific War Museum Foundation Humatak Foundation Amot Taotao Tano Farm	$\begin{array}{r} 15,000\\ 108,000\\ 46,250\\ 50,000\\ 25,000\\ 20,000\\ 20,000\\ 21,250\\ 25,000$

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2015

(4) Payments to Autonomous Agencies, Continued

Public Law 32-181 authorizes an appropriation to the University of Guam (UOG) for the operations and programs of the Guampedia Foundation in the amount of \$140,000. In addition, Public Law 30-196 authorizes an appropriation for the operations of the Rhinoceros Beetle Program in the amount of \$500,000. During the year ended September 30, 2015, total appropriations made to UOG for operations of the Rhinoceros Beetle Program and the Guampedia Foundation amounted to \$640,000.

Public Law 32-068 created the Hotel Occupancy Tax (HOT) Surplus Fund authorizing the transfer of revenue collections in excess of the revenue budget. During the year ended September 30, 2015, total transfers made to the HOT Surplus Fund amounted to \$2,488,454.

Finally, Public Law 32-181 authorizes an appropriation to the Guam Community College (GCC) for the Lodging Management Program/Prostart Program in the amount of \$24,154. During the year ended September 30, 2015, total appropriations made to GCC for the Lodging Management Program/Prostart Program amounted to \$24,154.

(5) <u>Commitments</u>

Public Law 30-228 authorizes the construction of the Guam Museum and certain other projects that benefit Guam's tourism industry in the amount of \$55,609,615. GovGuam has entered into certain contracts associated with these projects with capital-related expenditures of \$12,565,807 being incurred under these contracts during the year ended September 30, 2015. The remaining unliquidated contract amount of \$8,640,976 is recorded within restricted fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund in the accompanying financial statements.

Comparative Balance Sheets September 30, 2015 and 2014

	Tourist Attraction Fund		Capital Proje	ects Fund	Debt Service Fund		
	 2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Restricted assets:	\$ 5,527,042 \$	7,616,658 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable	- - 3,361,774	- - 2,962,831	11,474,619 14,577,442 -	22,815,410 14,568,306 -	4,928,359 7,356,077 -	9,473,503 2,802,322 -	
Total assets	\$ 8,888,816 \$	10,579,489 \$	26,052,061 \$	37,383,716 \$	12,284,436 \$	12,275,825	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Retention payable Accrued payroll and other Due to General Fund	\$ - \$ - 357,765 3,090,040	- \$ - 11,375 2,497,327	1,685,796 \$ 1,284,035 - 76,994	984,513 \$ 762,132 - 32,999	- \$ - -	1,850 - -	
Total liabilities	 3,447,805	2,508,702	3,046,825	1,779,644		1,850	
FUND BALANCES Fund balances: Restricted for:	 					· · · · ·	
Capital projects Debt service Committed for:	:	:	23,005,236	35,604,072 -	- 12,284,436	- 12,273,975	
Tourism	 5,441,011	8,070,787	-	-	<u> </u>	-	
Total fund balances	 5,441,011	8,070,787	23,005,236	35,604,072	12,284,436	12,273,975	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,888,816 \$	10,579,489 \$	26,052,061 \$	37,383,716 \$	12,284,436 \$	12,275,825	

Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures by Function, and Changes in Fund Balances Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

		Tourist Attraction Fund Capital		Capital Proje	ects Fund	Debt Service Fund		
	_	2015	_	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues: Taxes Use of money and property	\$	36,988,454 -	\$	34,362,256 \$ 290	- \$ (33,029)	- \$ 57,073	- \$ 1,043	(1,165)
Total revenues		36,988,454		34,362,546	(33,029)	57,073	1,043	(1,165)
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		18,000		20,500	-	-	16,702	18,552
Community services		44,000		36,000	-	-	-	-
Individual and collective rights		2,242,074		1,158,791	-	-	-	-
Protection of life and property		2,113,904		354,122	-	-	-	-
Environmental protection Recreation		50,904		93,130	-	-	-	-
Payments to Guam Visitors Bureau		700,047 24,272,754		689,362 18,089,832	-	-	-	-
Payments to University of Guam		640,000		365,000	-	-	-	_
Payments to Guam Community College		24,154		520,283	_	_	_	_
Payments to HOT Surplus Fund		2,488,454		3,462,256	_	-	-	-
Capital projects Debt service:		-		-	12,565,807	8,337,673	-	-
Principal Interest		-		-	-	-	1,845,000 5,152,819	1,785,000 5,214,188
Total expenditures		32,594,291		24,789,276	12,565,807	8,337,673	7,014,521	7,017,740
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		4,394,163		9,573,270	(12,598,836)	(8,280,600)	(7,013,478)	(7,018,905)
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		(7,023,939)		(7,120,002)	-	-	7,023,939	7,120,002
Total other financing sources (uses), net	_	(7,023,939)	_	(7,120,002)	-		7,023,939	7,120,002
Net change in fund balances	_	(2,629,776)		2,453,268	(12,598,836)	(8,280,600)	10,461	101,097
Fund balances at the beginning of the year		8,070,787		5,617,519	35,604,072	43,884,672	12,273,975	12,172,878
Fund balances at the end of the year	\$	5,441,011	\$	8,070,787 \$	23,005,236 \$	35,604,072 \$	12,284,436 \$	12,273,975

Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures by Object, and Changes in Fund Balances Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

		Tourist Attraction Fund		Capital Proj	ects Fund	Debt Service Fund		
	_	2015		2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues: Taxes Use of money and property	\$	36,988,454 \$ 	\$	34,362,256 \$ 	- \$ (33,029)	- \$ 57,073	- \$ 1,043	- (1,165)
Total revenues	_	36,988,454		34,362,546	(33,029)	57,073	1,043	(1,165)
Expenditures: Salaries and wages - regular Salaries and wages - overtime Salaries and wages - fringe benefits Travel Contractual services Supplies Equipment Grants and subsidies Utilities - power and water Communications Capital outlays Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Miscellaneous		477,395 1,506,972 346,544 45,328 735,064 666,412 38,497 27,425,362 1,139,792 1,237 66,949 - - 144,739	:	116,865 8,431 38,567 26,499 747,343 886,466 86,526 22,437,371 166,450 2,575 156,109 - 116,074	- - 2,211,384 - - - 10,354,423 - - -	- - - 1,817,742 - - - 6,519,931 - - -	- - - - - - 1,845,000 5,152,819 16,702	- - - - - - 1,785,000 5,214,188 18,552
Total expenditures	_	32,594,291		24,789,276	12,565,807	8,337,673	7,014,521	7,017,740
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	4,394,163		9,573,270	(12,598,836)	(8,280,600)	(7,013,478)	(7,018,905)
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	_	- (7,023,939)		- (7,120,002)		-	7,023,939	7,120,002
Total other financing sources (uses), net		(7,023,939)		(7,120,002)		<u> </u>	7,023,939	7,120,002
Net change in fund balances		(2,629,776)		2,453,268	(12,598,836)	(8,280,600)	10,461	101,097
Fund balances at the beginning of the year	_	8,070,787		5,617,519	35,604,072	43,884,672	12,273,975	12,172,878
Fund balances at the end of the year	\$_	5,441,011	\$	8,070,787 \$	23,005,236 \$	35,604,072 \$	12,284,436 \$	12,273,975

Schedule of Expenditures by Department by Object Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Department of Administration:		
Division of Accounts: Contractual services \$	18,000	\$ 20,500
Principal retirement	1,845,000	1,785,000
Interest and fiscal charges	5,152,819	5,214,188
Miscellaneous	16,702	18,552
Total Department of Administration	7,032,521	7,038,240
Guam Police Department:	.,	
Tumon-Tamuning Precinct:		
Salaries and wages - regular	114,893	93,306
Salaries and wages - overtime	2,001	8,431
Salaries and wages - fringe benefits	35,631	29,914
Contractual services	19,211	17,756
Supplies	905	2,057
Equipment	5,104	56,592
Capital outlays	-	144,666
Miscellaneous	1,400	1,400
	179,145	354,122
Overtime Compensation:		
Salaries and wages - regular	110,225	-
Salaries and wages - overtime	932,809	-
Salaries and wages - fringe benefits	108,091	-
	1,151,125	-
Total Guam Police Department	1,330,270	354,122
Department of Corrections:		
Overtime Compensation:		
Salaries and wages - regular	76,005	-
Salaries and wages - overtime	572,162	-
Salaries and wages - fringe benefits	135,469	-
Total Department of Corrections	783,636	-
Guam Environmental Protection Agency:		
Beach Monitoring:	26,172	22 550
Salaries and wages - regular Salaries and wages - fringe benefits	9,667	23,559 8,653
Contractual services	5,007	27,154
Supplies	15,065	33,258
Communications	-	506
Total Guam Environmental Protection Agency	50,904	93,130
Department of Parks and Recreation:		
Maintenance and Repair of Public Restrooms:		
Contractual services	359,014	330,790
Supplies	122,600	192,122
Utilities - power and water	218,433	166,450
Total Department of Parks and Recreation	700,047	689,362
Mayors' Council of Guam:		
Operations:		
Salaries and wages - regular	150,101	-
Salaries and wages - fringe benefits	57,687	-
Travel	23,506	-
Contractual services	71,575	-
Supplies	26,174	-
Equipment	1,460	-
Utilities - power and water Capital outlays	921,358 2,000	-
Miscellaneous	10,008	-
	1,263,869	-

Schedule of Expenditures by Department by Object, Continued Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Mayors' Council of Guam, Continued:		
Island-wide Village Beautification:		
Contractual services	88,312	166,439
Supplies	149,254	207,237
Equipment	15,056	12,746
Capital outlays	11,900	4,993
Village Street Maintenance and Beautification:	264,522	391,415
Travel	17,886	26,499
Contractual services	178,952	184,704
Supplies	352,412	451,792
Equipment	16,877	17,188
Communications	1,237	2,069
Capital outlays	53,049	6,450
Miscellaneous	86,940	78,674
	707,353	767,376
Total Mayors' Council of Guam	2,235,744	1,158,791
Council on the Arts and Humanities:		
Guam Territorial Band:		
Miscellaneous	50,328	36,000
Guam Museum:		
Contractual services	1,421,194	1,240,908
Capital outlays	6,116,366	5,003,291
Total Guam Museum	7,537,560	6,244,199
San Vitores Flooding:	507.000	100 70 1
Contractual services	567,868	402,784
Hagatna Pool Improvements:	4.004	
Contractual services	1,804	-
Capital outlays	143,944	
Total Hagatna Pool Improvements	145,748	
Hagatna Tennis Court Improvements:	1 804	
Contractual services Capital outlays	1,804 155,450	-
Total Hagatna Tennis Court Improvements	157,254	
Historic Hagatna Projects:	137,234	
Contractual services	16,838	1,658
Capital outlays	-	563,505
Total Historic Hagatna Projects	16,838	565,163
Hagatna Master Plan:	10,000	000,100
Capital outlays	200,000	-
Crosswalk from Skinner Plaza to Chamorro Village:		
Contractual services	3,608	38,875
Inarajan Community Center Restoration:		
Contractual services	10,825	-
Capital outlays		14,579
Total Inarajan Community Center Restoration	10,825	14,579
Malesso Bell Tower Restoration and Rehabilitation:	- ,	,
Contractual services	18,215	52,563

Schedule of Expenditures by Department by Object, Continued Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Design/Construction of Guam Farmer's Cooperative Association Facility and		
and Dededo Flea Market Relocation:		
Contractual services	58,938	6,851
Capital outlays	2,499,960	650,736
Total Design/Construction of Guam Farmer's Cooperative Association Facility and Dededo Flea Market Relocation Historic Monument and Plaza Commemorating Ferdinand Magellan's	2,558,898	657,587
Visit to Umatac Bay: Contractual services	22,549	11,405
Design/Construction of Village Entrance Signs:	22,545	11,405
Contractual services	4,812	-
Capital outlays	289,561	58,090
Total Design/Construction of Village Entrance Signs	294,373	58,090
Scenic and Informational Highway Signs:		,
Contractual services	4,209	-
Nimitz Beach Improvements:		
Contractual services	3,008	-
Capital outlays	265,308	613
Total Nimitz Beach Improvements	268,316	613
Improve Public Facilities Near Fish Eye Pier:		
Contractual services	1,203	-
Capital outlays	67,835	59,783
Total Improve Public Facilities Near Fish Eye Pier	69,038	59,783
Mangilao Public Market Improvements:	00.040	00,400
Contractual services	26,043	26,423
Tumon Bay Improvements: Contractual services	8,419	36,274
Public Park at Faifai and Gognga: Contractual services	14,374	-
Renovation of Agana Bay Streetlights: Contractual services	421	-
Renovation of Pale San Vitores Streetlights: Contractual services	601	
Restoration and Repair of Scenic Byways, Overlooks, and Historic Sites:		
Contractual services	24,051	-
Capital outlays	415,000	169,335
Total Repair of Scenic Byways, Overlooks, and Historic Sites	439,051	169,335
Senator Angel LG Santos Park:		
Contractual services	601	-
Capital outlays	200,998	-
Total Senator Angel LG Santos Park	201,599	-
Guam Visitors Bureau:		
Grants and subsidies	24,272,754	18,089,832
University of Guam:	640.000	265 000
Grants and subsidies	640,000	365,000
Guam Community College: Grants and subsidies	24,154	520,283
HOT Surplus Fund:	24,104	020,203
Grants and subsidies	2,488,454	3,462,256
	\$ 52,174,619 \$	40,144,689
	φψ	10,111,000

Schedule of Construction Project Status Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Total Budget	Expenditures Year Ended September 30, 2015	Cumulative Expenditures	Outstanding Encumbrances	Continuing Appropriations
Tumon Bay Capital Projects:					
Reconstruction of Pale San Vitores Road	\$\$	S	\$ 3,343,249	\$ 91,949	\$ 40,921
Sub-Total	3,476,119	-	3,343,249	91,949	40,921
Development of the Guam and Chamorro Educational Facility:					
GEDA - RW Armstrong Consulting Fee	2,977,500	88,786	2,866,286	111,214	-
Sub-Total	2,977,500	88,786	2,866,286	111,214	-
GEDA Projects:					
Guam and Chamorro Educational Facility	25,303,102	7,448,774	16,737,170	8,028,122	537,810
Historic Hagatna Projects	1,390,137	16,838	1,367,837	-	22,300
Crosswalk from Skinner Plaza to					
Chamorro Village	244,205	3,608	42,483	53,629	148,093
Inarajan Community Center Restoration	839,986	10,825	836,502	3,484	-
Malesso Bell Tower Restoration and					
Rehabilitation	342,013	18,215	70,778	14,583	256,652
Design/Construction of Guam Farmer's					
Cooperative Association Facility and					
Dededo Flea Market Relocation	3,777,461	2,558,898	3,560,234	55,759	161,468
Design/Construction of Village Entrance					
Signs for 19 Municipalities	428,998	294,373	427,998	1,000	-
Tumon Bay Improvements	608,523	8,419	44,693	6,049	557,781
Pale San Vitores Road Streetlight Renovation	601	601	601	-	-
Primary or Supplemental Funding for					
Hagatna Master Plan Projects	200,000	200,000	200,000	-	-
Other HOT Bond projects	11,714,743	-	-	-	11,714,743
San Vitores Flooding	10,922,071	567,868	1,158,318	211,991	9,551,762
Historic Monument and Plaza					
Commemorating Ferdinand Magellan's					
Visit to Umatac Bay	143,255	22,549	33,954	4,290	105,011
Improve Public Facilities Near Fish Eye Pier	139,820	69,038	128,821	-	10,999
Mangilao Public Market Improvements	52,466	26,043	52,466	-	-
Agana Bay Vicinity Streetlight Renovation	421	421	421	-	-
Restoration and Repair of Scenic Byways,					
Overlooks, and Historic Sites	1,129,544	439,051	608,386	-	521,158
Design and Construction of Permanent					
Monument for Senator Angel Santos Park	201,599	201,599	201,599	-	-
Scenic and Informational Highway Signs	4,209	4,209	4,209	-	-
Hagatna Tennis Court Improvements	157,254	157,254	157,254	-	-
Hagatna Pool Improvements	204,654	145,748	145,748	58,906	-
Public Park at Faifai and Gognga	14,374	14,374	14,374	-	-
Nimitz Beach Improvements	268,929	268,316	268,929	-	-
Guam Fishermen's Cooperative	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
Guam Preservation Trust Reimbursement Sub-Total	4,288,811 64,377,176	- 12,477,021	4,288,811 30,351,586	8,437,813	- 25,587,777
	\$ 70,830,795 \$		\$ 36,561,121		\$ 25,628,698
	φ <u>10,000,100</u> ψ		Ψ 00,001,121	Ψ 0,0+0,370	Ψ 20,020,030

Other Supplementary Information Years Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

	_	2015		
Bond Cash and Investment Accounts: Bond Fund Bond Reserve Fund	\$	7,426,936 4,857,500	\$	7,418,325 4,857,500
Construction Account Revenue Fund Surplus Fund		26,052,061 3,090,316 2,436,726		4,837,300 37,383,716 3,152,544 4,464,114
	\$	43,863,539	\$	57,276,199



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Eddie Baza Calvo Governor of Guam:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Tourist Attraction Fund and of those funds related to the Government of Guam Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A (the Funds) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Funds' financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Funds' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Funds' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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March 30, 2016