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То:	John Thos. Brown, Esq.	 General Counsel 	From:	OPA Procuremen	t Appeals
	Fred Nishihira, Esq G	eneral Counsel			
Agency:	Island Business System	and Supplies	Pages	9 (Including cove	r)
	Guam Public School Sys	stem	_		
CC:			Date:	Monday 10/27/	2008
Fax:	472-5003 / 472-6153		Phone:	475-0658 / 477-72	293
Re:	Decision Re Purchasing Agency's Request to Disqualify Public Auditor				
	Hearing Officer: OPA-PA-08-011				
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PROCUREMENT APPEALS

IN THE APPEAL OF,
TOWN HOUSE DEPARTMENT STORES,
INC., dba ISLAND BUSINESS SYSTEMS &
SUPPLIES,
Appellant.

OFFICE

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APPEAL NO. OPA-PA-08-011

UBLIC AUDITOR

DECISION RE PURCHASING AGENCY'S REQUEST TO DISQUALIFY HEARING OFFICER

To: Attorney for the Appellant – Town House Department Stores, Inc., dba Island Business Systems & Supplies (IBSS)

John Thos. Brown, Esq.
General Counsel, Town House Department Stores, Inc.
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VIA FACSIMILE:

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Attorney for the Purchasing Agency – Guam Public School System (GPSS)

Fred Nishihira, Esq. Legal Counsel, Guam Public School System P.O. Box DE Hagatna, Guam 96932

VIA FACSIMILE:

671-472-5003

THIS MATTER came before the Hearing Officer pursuant to GPSS's August 1, 2008, Objection concerning the undersigned Hearing Officer hearing this matter. After reviewing the Objection, IBSS' Opposition to Appellee's Objection, and the relevant law, and pursuant to 5 G.C.A. §9222, the Hearing Officer has determined the following:

1. GPSS's Objection is not in the form required for requests to disqualify hearing officers. GPSS's Objection is actually a request to disqualify the Hearing Officer. Generally, any party may request the disqualification of any hearing officer by filing an affidavit prior to the taking of evidence at a hearing stating with particularity the grounds upon which it is claimed

that a fair and impartial hearing cannot be accorded. 5 G.C.A. §9222. Further, a hearing officer shall voluntarily disqualify himself and withdraw from any case in which he cannot accord a fair and impartial hearing. Id. Here, GPSS's request to disqualify the Hearing Officer is not made in the proper form because no affidavit was filed with the request. Guam Law defines affidavits as written declarations under oath, made without notice on an adverse party. 6 G.C.A. §7302. Further, affidavits to be used before any court, judge or officer of Guam may be taken before any officer or person authorized to administer oaths. 6 G.C.A. §7402. Finally, affidavits may be used as specified in the Guam Evidence Code, in any other law of Guam, or in the Guam Rules of Civil Procedure for the purposes stated therein. 6 G.C.A. §7401. GPSS' request for disqualification did not contain, nor was it accompanied by any declaration made under oath properly made before any officer or person authorized to administer oaths. Thus, GPSS' request to disqualify the Hearing Officer is not in the proper form because it does not contain an affidavit as required by 5 G.C.A. §9222.

2. Assuming Arguendo that GPSS' request to disqualify the Hearing Officer was in the proper form, GPSS fails to show how it cannot be accorded a fair and impartial hearing with the Hearing Officer presently assigned to this matter. Generally, there is a presumption of honesty and integrity in those serving as administrative adjudicators and to prove that an adjudicator is biased, there must be a concrete demonstration of the actual existence of bias, and the mere appearance of bias is insufficient to establish such a concrete demonstration. Sule v. Guam Board of Dental Examiners, SP0192-02, Page 8, Line 11, Decision and Order dated September 16, 2005 (Superior Court of Guam). Further, to determine whether bias exists, a trier of fact must decide what a reasonable person would believe about the administrative adjudicator's partiality given all the relevant facts in the controversy. Id. at Line 4, Page 9.

GPSS's request relies solely on the Hearing Officer's July 11, 2008, finding in *Town House Department Stores dba Island Business Systems & Supplies*, OPA-PA-08-003. In that finding, the Hearing Officer recommended that the Public Auditor find that GPSS's failure to promptly and expeditiously render a decision on IBSS' December 4, 2007 Protest was an act of bad faith. *Id.*, at Line 5, Page 6. Further, this recommendation was based on the Hearing Officer's finding that, based on the procurement record submitted by GPSS, it is reasonable to

conclude that the copier contract is most likely an illegal contract and GPSS' failure to render the statutorily required prompt and expeditious decision on IBSS' protest is intended to prevent review of the copier contract on appeal. *Id.*, at Line 17, Page 6. This is not a concrete showing of actual bias because the enforcement of laws within an agency's statutory authority, adverse rulings against a party, and disparaging descriptions of a party's actions based on the record, by themselves, are not sufficient to show bias.

The enforcement of procurement laws and regulations on GPSS is not actual bias. Fact that an agency instituted statutorily authorized adverse regulatory enforcement proceedings against a party prior to the agency's final administrative decision does not demonstrate bias in the final administrative decision. *Navistar Intern. Transp. Corp. v. U.S.E.P.A.*, 941 F.2^d 1339, 1360 (6th Cir., 1991). The Public Auditor has the power to compel the production of documents by any employee of the Government of Guam. 5 G.C.A. §5703 and 2 G.A.R., Div. 4, Chap. 12, §12103(a). In the prior case, the Hearing Officer's recommendation that the Public Auditor compel GPSS to produce the decision on IBSS's protest was a proper exercise of this authority. *In the Appeal of Town House Department Stores dba Island Business Systems & Supplies*, OPA-PA-08-003, Finding of Hearing Officer, Page 5, Line 12 (July 11, 2008). Thus, the Hearing Officer's recommendation in OPA-PA-08-003 does not demonstrate bias against GPSS in this proceeding.

The adverse ruling against GPSS in OPA-PA-08-003 does not show actual bias in this matter. Generally, adverse rulings in administrative proceedings are not by themselves sufficient to show actual bias. *Orange v. Island Creek Coal Company*, 786 F.2d 724, 728 (6th Cir., 1986). Further, the total rejection of an opposed view cannot of itself impugn the integrity or competence of a trier of fact. *Sule v. Guam Board of Dental Examiners*, at Page 8, Line 11. Here, the findings cited by GPSS in OPA-PA-08-003 were based on the undisputed facts in the record in that case and were made despite GPSS' denials of any allegation of improperly procuring copier services in OPA-PA-08-003 and the order compelling GPSS to produce the decision on IBSS' protest was adverse to GPSS. Thus, the adverse ruling against GPSS requiring it to produce the statutorily required decision on IBSS's protest is insufficient to show actual bias.

The Hearing Officer's disparaging description of GPSS's copier contract is not a showing of actual bias. A party attacking an administrative law judge's impartiality must demonstrate that the alleged bias stems from an extrajudicial source and results in an opinion on the merits on some basis other than what the judge learned from his participation in the case. *Colfor Inc. v. National Labor Relations Board*, 838 F.2d 164, 168 (6th Cir., 1988). Here, as stated above, the Hearing Officer's findings in OPA-PA-08-003 was based solely on the procurement record submitted by GPSS in that matter. GPSS has failed to produce any evidence showing that the Hearing Officer's finding in OPA-PA-08-003 was based on anything other than the record in that proceeding. Thus, the Hearing Officer's description of the GPSS copier contract in OPA-PA-08-003 which was based on the record in that matter, does not show actual bias.

Based on the foregoing, GPSS' Request for Disqualification of the Hearing Officer is hereby DENIED.

SO ORDERED this 27th day of October, 2008 by:

ANTHONY R.CAMACHO, ESQ.

Hearing Officer