# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND ON COMPLIANCE

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Directors Port Authority of Guam:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Port Authority of Guam (the Authority), which comprise the statement of net position as of September 30, 2014, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2015.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Delvitte Touche LLP

February 20, 2015



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Board of Directors Port Authority of Guam:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Port Authority of Guam's (the Authority's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2014. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2014.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB A-133

We have audited the financial statements of Port Authority of Guam as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2015, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

February 20, 2015

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2014

CFDA #	Agency/Program	-	Federal Expenditures
10.Unknown	<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Direct Program: Rural Development Loan Guarantee: FY11	\$	2,860,900 *
10.Unknown	Rural Development Loan Guarantee: FY13	φ	11,086,924
	U.S. Department of Agriculture Total	-	13,947,824
11.472	U.S. Department of Commerce Pass through Western Pacific Regional Fishery Management Council: Unallied Science Program	-	250,000_*
12.607	U.S. Department of Defense Pass through Government of Guam Office of the Governor: Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for Establishment, Expansion, Realignment, or Closure of a Military Installation	_	727,263_*
15.605 15.875	U.S. Department of the Interior Pass through Government of Guam Department of Administration: Sport Fish Restoration Program Economic, Social and Political Development of the Territories: Port Modernization Plan		173 690,393 *
	U.S. Department of the Interior Total	-	690,566
	U.S. Department of Homeland Security Direct Programs:	-	
97.026	Emergency Management Institute Training Assistance		28,470
97.056 97.116	Port Security Grant Program ARRA Port Security Grant Program (ARRA)		2,507,673 (38,978)
51.110	U.S. Department of Homeland Security Total	-	2,497,165
	Total Federal Awards	\$	18,112,818

\* Denotes a major program.

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2014

#### (1) Scope of Audit

The Port Authority of Guam (the Authority) is a component unit of the Government of Guam created by Public Law 13-87 as an autonomous agency of the Government of Guam. Only the transactions of the Authority are included within the scope of the OMB Circular A-133 audit (the "Single Audit"). The U.S. Department of the Interior has been designated as the Authority's cognizant agency for the Single Audit.

#### Programs Subject to Single Audit

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents expenditures for each Federal program related to the following agencies:

- U.S. Department of Agriculture
- U.S. Department of Commerce
- U.S. Department of Defense
- U.S. Department of the Interior
- U.S. Department of Homeland Security

# (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Authority and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, consistent with the manner in which the Authority maintains its accounting records. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. All expenses, capital outlays and loan proceeds are reported as expenditures.

The Authority recognizes contributions from the federal government when qualifying expenditures are incurred and expenditures are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### (3) American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA)

In February 2009, the Federal Government enacted the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA). As of September 30, 2014, the Authority's grant award notification and expenditures are as follows:

EV 2014

CFDA Program	Grant Amount	Expenditures
97.116 Port Security Grant Program – ARRA	\$ 910,594	\$ (38,978)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2014

# Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

# Financial Statements

1. Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:						
2. Material weakness(es) ident	No					
3. Significant deficiency(ies) id	None reported					
4. Noncompliance material to f	No					
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major federal programs:						
5. Material weakness(es) ident	No					
6. Significant deficiency(ies) id	None reported					
7. Type of auditors' report issued of	Unmodified					
8. Any audit findings disclosed tha accordance with section 510(a)	No					
9. Identification of major programs:						
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program					
10.Unknown 11.472 12.607 15.875	Rural Development Loan Guarantee Unallied Science Program Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for Establishment, Expansion, Realignment, or Closure of a Military Installation Economic, Social and Political Development of the Territories: (Port Modernization Plan)					
10. Dollar threshold used to disting Programs:	\$300,000					
11. Auditee qualified as low-risk aud	Yes					

# Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

# Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2014

# Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

None reported

# Findings and questioned costs – Major Federal Award Programs Audit

Finding No. 2011 – 1 – See status below

Finding No. 2011 – 2 – See status below

The audit findings are no longer valid and do not require further action as two years have passed since the audit report in which the finding occurred was submitted to the Federal clearinghouse; the Federal agency or pass-through entity is not currently following up on the audit finding; and a management decision was not issued to warrant further action.